The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1901. NO. 15.

HISTORICAL NOTES. . . . .

By MR. J. D. MURRAY.

It has occurred to the mind of the writer that an historical account of the Borough of Centre Hall and vicinity would be of some interest to the people of the village as well as those of the vicinity. The writer has therefore taken the task upon himself to produce such a history of those facts (as we see proper to call them) It must be born in mind, that the whole sum and substance of the portion of this account that pertains to the vicinity of Centre Hall, is such as is always called tradition. It has been transmitted from father to son orally. We do not have one written word that we can copy. But we have been very careful in selecting those oral accounts as they have been handed down from father to son, and the writer has found that the accounts from different families, as related to him, are so near alike that they were given almost verbatim. This has encouraged the writer to believe that traditionary word can and has been found to be true and good. The Jews pay great regard to tradition in matters of Religion, as do the Roman Catholics. Protestants reject the authority of tradition in Sacred things, and rely only on the written word "Stand fast and hold the traditions which ye have been taught." The writer wishes to say that the correct dates of our ancestors coming into this part of the valley cannot be given in all cases; the descendants have forgotten, if they ever knew, but we expect to approximate the time very nearly, however we do, in some cases, expect to give the correct date more than a hundred years in the past.

The first settlers that we have any account of, who settled on the site of Linden Hall and vicinity were three young Irishmen, brothers, who came direct from Ireland, Wm., John, and Guian Irven, about the year 1794. They were young men bouyant with hope and excited with desires. They were distillers, and were inclined to stay pretty close to each other. They all settled near what is now called Linden Hall. John built for himself near the head of Cedar Creek, a still house, just opposite the brick house where George Swabb now lives. This building was made from round logs, gotten on the surrounding land along the creek. There he continued to make whiskey for quite a number of years; he was a man who did not indulge in his own products; there were plenty of others to do that. He saw that it would pay him better to make the whiskey than to drink it himself, and he prospered wonderfully.

At that time there was a family lived just down the creek, perhaps three-fourth of a mile, by the name of Watson. They had a mill and a store there, and also owned much land surrounding their home, and they also had what is not so desirable a thing to have—many mortgages on property, but they were a high toned people, and lived in style for that day. This John Irvin was a fairly good looking man and had a great deal of native smartness and shrewdness, entirely too much for the Watsons, as the sequel will show. It was noticeable that John's visits became more frequent than common to the Watson mill and store, although it was necessary for him to go to the mill, for there was where he got rye ground preparatory to manufacturing it into whiskey. The Watsons had a fair daughter, and John had his eye on her as well as on his chopped rye. He felt himself to some extent beneath her dignity, and she felt a superiority over him, yet she reciprocated his love. But, like in many cases the wheels of true love did not run smoothly; the parents would not allow them to meet in the house, but the young folks persisted in seeing each other. Tradition tells us that at that time the bullrushes occupied all the space from hill to hill along the stream both above the mill and still house for miles; there was a foot path leading all the way along the stream between these places, and that is where the young folks had to go when they wished to hold a private meeting. And when it was announced they intended to get married there was a great storm of indignation arose, but nothing prevented; Old Irish Billy Stewart was called on and the knot was tied. They at once settled down, in a little log house almost opposite George Swabb's house. There Johnny lived, enjoying the sweets of connubial felicity, and maturing plans to get hold of the Watson property. The first he devised was to start a small store in the very little house in which they lived; his wife kept house and attended the store, and they prospered amazingly. At this place their first son was born, Gen. James Irvin, who was a candidate for Governor on the Whig side in 1849 against Frances R. Shunk, Democrat, and was defeated.

Johnny continued his well laid plans and all the money he could spare he invested in the Watson mortgages and it was not very many years until he proposed buying them out and did. Now he had a mill; the very same old mill that burned down a month ago. He moved over to Linden Hall either in 1811 or 12, where he continued in business until in the fall of 1844 when he died and his estate was settled up. It was found to be worth $150,000, a large sum for that day. But if reports were true he had an easy way of getting money; he was in league with the devil and he used to send a dragon around with a long firey tail, who hovered around the mill chimney for a while, then dropped a bag of money down the chimney. Wm. Irvin turned farmer; he lived on the farm formerly owned by Fred Kurtz. He was largely engaged in clearing land; he cleared many hundred acres around there and was engaged in stock raising. He built the stone house and barn which stands there, also a large stone still house and made whiskey. In opposition to his brother John, he got what was called rich for that day but he never met with as much financial success as John. The other brother, Guian, was a farmer; he was never engaged in making whiskey, but nearly all the time drinking it.

Among the early settlers about Linden Hall was Jonathan Tressler, who died on his farm only a few years ago, at the age of ninety seven years, although we know of two other families who lived there before him, Boals and Rishels. Rishel died there about the year 1832; his widow was married to John Sweetwood; she had two children when she married Sweetwood, John and Margaret, who are both living.

All that country lying north of Linden Hall was settled at that time by the Stuarts, Keatleys and Guian Irvin, brother of John and Wm. Irvin, and others who were not land owners, but who lived along the mountain and worked for such men as Rev. Stuart and Christie Keatley, and, strange to say, they were all Irish, and if reports are true, they were about all fond of a drop once in a while, even the Rev. Billy Stuart would carefully indulge a little at times; but it was during the days when every Jack had his gill, and if he did not have he was expected to. Rev. Stuart was a man of ability and a good preacher; he belonged to the Huntingdon Presbytery, and was among their best and most learned men. Rev. Stuart and Christy Keatley lived only one-half mile apart and they were both good Presbyterians and were often in each other's company. On one occasion they were together at the preacher's house apparently enjoying themselves when the preacher happened to look out of the window and, low and behold, there were two preachers coming on horseback. It would have been all right, but Christy was not in a proper condition to appear. This put the poor preacher to a quick study; the equestrians were drawing near the house very fast and Christy had to be disposed of, and that quickly, and he was afraid if he left the house when the preachers were so near, his locomotion would give him away, but he thought quick. There was a little side room and a bed in it; Christy was put into that room and a pillow thrown under the bed and Christy sent in after it, expecting him to go to sleep, but he failed to do so. His quarters were a little short, or he had too much, and he became noisy, so much so that the preacher had to leave his company and go and whisper to him to keep quiet, making use of the following term, "Christy, keep quiet, you *Baste* you." The two reverend gentlemen had only a short call to make and left. Rev. Stuart was the father of David Stuart, who died less than two years ago in Boalsburg, at the age of about eighty-six years. To this man we are largely indebted for information concerning the old settlers. He was a man of extraordinary good memory and very ready to communicate. He was a man of more than ordinary size, and inclined to be a little sporty. The Rhone farm is still in the hands of the Rhones, and has been for more than a hundred years. Michael, the father of Hon. Leonard Rhone came there in an early day.

The next oldest residenter that we have any knowledge of was Fergus Potter, Sr., who settled where his grand children are still living, at the head of Mackey's Run, the old Potter homestead. He was a tanner by trade, and started a tannery on Mackey Run, close to the Brush Valley road on the north side. There he followed his trade and did some farming; he owned a farm, but like most of the tracts, it was not all cleared at that early day. From what we understand, he also belonged to the Irish nationality; he was a kind and inoffensive man, and prospered, and became rich in this world's goods. He had four sons, William, Robert, Samuel and Joshua. Those four boys all learned trades; William was a millwright; Robert a wagon maker; Samuel a tanner, and Joshua a millwright and was considered an expert at his trade, but he finally drifted into farming on the old homestead and became owner of it as well as other lands, and there he lived until his death not many years ago. He was always considered one of the very best citizens, also a man of more than ordinary intelligence as a farmer. There are three of his sons living, John, an attorney. Henry, a farmer, Joshua, a farmer. When we take a retrospective view and a study of the last fifty or a hundred years, we find that nearly all our ancestors were men who understood some kind of handicraft; they were skilled workmen of some kind or other; many of them after a time would turn farmer, merchant, or other useful business. Our grandfathers would insist on each of their sons learning some kind of a trade, mostly leaving the choice of the business to the boy.

COUNTY S. S. CONVENTION.

Meets at Milesburg April 22.—Four Sessions—Or Roads Will be Present.

The annual convention of the Centre County Sabbath School Association will meet in Milesburg, Monday and Tuesday, April 22 and 23. Each school in the county is entitled to two delegates, in addition to the pastor and superintendent. The officers of the Association are:

Rev. A. Z. Myers, Philipsburg, President.
Rev. J. M. Rearick, Centre Hall, Vice President.
Rev. A. A. Black, Boalsburg, Cor. Secretary.
Mr. S. W. Smith, Centre Hall, Rec. Secretary.
Mr. A. Lukenbach, Bellefonte, Treasurer.
Rev. D. E. Hepler, Lemont, Sec. Home Dep't Work.
Rev. C. T. Aikens, Pine Grove Mills, and C. M. Bower, Esq., Bellefonte, Ex. Committee.
Mr. Geo. Noll, Milesburg; Chairman Local Com. of arrangements.

The following is the program to be rendered at the convention.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 22, 7 30 P. M.

A mass meeting addressed by Rev. Charles Roads, D. D., General Secretary of the State Sabbath School Association. Subject, "Building Nobly Upon the Past."

TUESDAY, 9.30 A. M.

Worship, Rev. W. F. Carson, Milesburg.
Address, "Practical Normal Plans and Drills," Rev. Chas. Roads D. D.
Address of Welcome, Rev. R. Wharton, Milesburg.
Response, C. M Bower, Esq., Bellefonte.
Enrollment of Delegates.
Appointment of Committees.
Address, "Illustrating," Mrs. M. G. Kennedy, Philadelphia, President State Primary Union.

AFTERNOON SESSION, 1.30 P. M.

Worship, Rev. E. C. Hauck, Milesburg.
Address, "The High Calling of the Teacher," Rev E. B. Waltz, Williamsport, Field Secretary Lycoming county.
Address, "The Spiritual Development of the Sunday School," Rev. J. M. Rearick, Centre Hall
Election of Officers.
Annual Address of the President.
Annual address of the corresponding secretary.
Children's Hour, "A Story," by Mrs. Kennedy.
Question Box, Conducted by Dr. Roads.

EVENING SESSION, 7.30 P. M.

Worship and Song, Rev. T. W. Perks, Bellefonte.
Address, "Our Juniors" Mrs. Kennedy.
Music.
Address, "Studies in Human Nature," Dr. Roads.

FIRE AT JENKINS & LINGLE'S.

Foundry and Several Out Buildings Partially Destroyed.

Monday evening about seven o'clock fire broke out in the brick foundry building occupied by Jenkins & Lingle, machinists, in Bellefonte, and spread with great rapidity destroying before it was subdued several thousand dollars worth of valuable property. At one time it was feared that the Gross property and the Poor house would be burned but fortunately this was averted. Gross' barn was on fire several times but each time the blaze was put out before serious damage was done.

The loss will probably be $10,000 on buildings and contents, partially covered by insurance, says the Daily News. This is one of the leading industries of the town and will be rebuilt at once.

Schools Close.

The Primary school closed Tuesday. The little students proudly left the school room and their work feeling that another school term had been creditably finished. The work of the primary room under Miss Anna Bartholomew will bear the closest scrutiny. Parents who have children attending that school will be very agreeably surprised if they go to the trouble of looking over the examination papers, and this they should do.

The Secondary and Grammar schools also close this week, and the High School next week.

The Risen King.

"The Risen King," is the title of a cantata that will be rendered in the Reformed church Sunday evening, 21st inst.

PROGRAM.

Introduction—Chorus—This is the day which the Lord hath made.

THE STORY.

Chorus of men—As it began to dawn.
Trio, women's voices—With loving hearts and laden hands.
Recit., men—But when they came unto the sepulchre.
Chorus—The Lord is risen.
Recit., men—Then went they out quickly and fled.
Chorus—Weeping for Him.
Alto Solo—They have taken away my Lord.
Recit., men and women—And when she had thus said.
Chorus—O grave, where is thy victory.

FINALE.

Chorus—Unto Him who loved us.

From Millheim Journal.

S. M. Weber, formerly principal of the Aaronsburg school, but who had recently been engaged weighing mail on the trains between Tyrone and Lock Haven, returned home Thursday, the term for weighing mail having ended. Mr. Weber was highly pleased with the position.

J. Allison Shull, who finished his term of school in this place a few weeks ago, departed for Effingham, Illinois, Tuesday afternoon. It is his intention to enter the Illinois School of Photography of that place, and prepare himself fully for photographic work. Mr. Shull has had considerable experience as a retoucher, and is confident that he will find the work both agreeable and more profitable.

Miss Bessie Walker, of Pine Grove Mills, and Miss Jennie Bitner, of Penn Hall, were the guests of Miss Stella Zerby Saturday.

CREASY ELECTED CHAIRMAN.

Representative of Columbia County Will Succeed J. S. Rilling.

It was "Farmer" Creasy. Later "Member" Creasy. Now it is "Chairman" Creasy. Representative William T. Creasy, of Columbia county, was Wednesday afternoon unanimously elected chairman of the Democratic State committee to succeed John S. Rilling, of Erie, who declined re-election. A resolution condemning Senator Washburn, of Crawford county, was unanimously adopted, and a resolution condemning in general terms those Democratic members of the Senate and House who have been inactive sympathy with the Republican machine, was carried by an overpowering majority.

"In William T. Creasy," said Mr. Ikeler, introducing Mr Creasy, "we have the man who is everlastingly right, and under his leadership the Democracy can go forward to honor and victory."

In his address to the members of the State committee, Chairman Creasy said:

"Gentlemen, we are confronted by a great political machine that has been 'ripping up' the governments of our cities, and we know not at what hour it may undertake to control our smaller municipalities. To avoid the usurpation of the majority party, drunk with power, nothing is of more importance than a compact, well-directed and vigilant minority party. To accomplish this the chief requisite is organization. Men must attend primary as well as general elections and nominate honest men to carry out just principles. An honest government, economically administered, is the wish of the people. The Democratic party is pledged to this reform."

Hon. P Gray Meek, C. M. Bower, Ellis L. Orvis, J. Kennedy Johnston, H. S. Taylor, J. C. Meyer, John Trafford and others represented Centre county at the meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee in Philadelphia Wednesday. The Centre county contingent favored Senator Heinle for State Chairman, and had their selection been decided upon the Democrats of Pennsylvania would have had an equally efficient leader.

PRESBYTERY NOTES.

The Annual Session Held at Hollidaysburg Last Week.

The Huntingdon Presbytery met Wednesday of last week. Among other things of interest done at that meeting were the following.

The presbytery accepted the invitation of the First Presbyterian church, Altoona, to hold its fall meeting there October next.

The Revs. S. S. Berger and C. H. Move and Elder F. B. Reed were appointed a committee on the general assembly twentieth century fund.

The Rev. W. H. Schuyler, Ph. D., and Elders J. A. Beaver and C. P. Long were appointed to take charge of the Penn's Valley graveyard.

The committee on the installation of the Rev. E. F. Johnston reported that the installation services at Mann's Choice and Schellsburg, May 30,1901—at Mann's Choice at 2 p. m., and Schellsburg at 7:30 p. m.—that the Rev. D. K. Freeman, D. D., preside, preach the sermon and propound the constitutional questions; Rev. W. H. Schuyler, Ph. D., charge the congregation, the Rev. J. E. Irwine, Ph. D., charge the pastor.

Transfer of Real Estate.

J. B. Ard to Mary C. Ard, March 30, 1901, lot in Ferguston twp.; consideration, $1.00.

Mary Goodhart, to Myra J. Kerr. April, 1, 1901, one fourth acre Centre Hall consideration, $900.

Ady Housman, et. al, to John H. Housman, et. al., June 5, 1900, thirty-three and seven-eleventh perches, Ferguson twp.; consideration, $100.

Wm. Houser, et. ux., to Walker Soutt, Nov. 1, 1896, eighteen acres, sixty-eight perches, Harris twp; consideration, $600.

W. F. Rearick, et. al., to Arthur M. Grove, et. al., March 23, 1901. 77 acres, Gregg twp.; consideration, $3315.

W. E. Smith, et. al., to Bella Murray, et. al., March 29, 1901, house and lot in Lemont; consideration, $450.

Frank Tharp, et. ux., to Edward H. Williams, February 20, 1901, house and lot in Boalsburg; consideration, $425.

C. P. Long, et. ux., to A. W. and Laura J. Gentzell, Nov. 24, 1900, one-fourth acre, in Gregg twp.; consideration, $75.

Marriage Licenses.

Wilber W. Tibbens, Houserville.
Mary M. E. Meek'ey, Filmore.
Calvin M. Sharar, Taylor twp.
Arminta Blowers, Taylor twp.
William B. Lucas, Howard.
Della Heverly, Mt. Eagle.
James Reller, Boynton.
Maggie Clark, Hommer's Noteb.
Harry L. Mayes, Altoona.
Effie M. Gearhart Phillipsburg.
Harry M. Wyle, Aaronsburg.
Mary J. Wirth, Glenn Iron.
John M. Crowell, Birmingham.
Bessie V. Piter, Bellefonte.

Roll of Honor.

Primary School, Anna Bartholomew, teacher.—*William Bradford, Musser Coldren, Ira Foreman, *Cora Luse, Harry Mader, John Odenkirk, Mary Rearick, *Isabel Rowe, *Calvin Smith, *Nina Snyder.

John K. Lane Hancock, aged 39 years, of Philadelphia, died at the National Hotel at Lewistown late Saturday night from an overdose of morphine.

The examination of applicants for certificates to teach public school in Potter township and Centre Hall borough will be held in this place **Thursday, May 30, Decoration Day.**

DEATHS.

Prominent Citizens of Centre County Called to Rest

MISS LIZZIE KELLER.

Friday night at eleven o'clock death claimed Elizabeth Keller, the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. Fisher Keller, of this place. The deceased was a young lady who possessed many of the qualities that go to make up an ideal young lady. She suffered for many weeks from consumption, in fact, it was nearly a year since she took a severe cold that terminated in that dread disease, which finally caused her death. During all this time she bore her affliction with absolute Christian fortitude. This expression is often applied in notices like this, but never with more truth than in this instance.

Miss Keller during her lifetime devoted much of her time to the wants and care of her little brothers and sisters. Although her age was only a few more years than twenty, for years before her sickness she felt a consciousness that her first duty was to aid in the care of the family, which she most cheerfully did.

She was much loved by her associates, and to attest this many flowers were sent to the family as a last tribute. The funeral services, which were largely attended, took place at the home of her parents in Centre Hall Tuesday forenoon. Rev. Kershner, of the Reformed church, of which denomination the young lady was a consistent member since her youth, assisted by Dr. Schuyler, of the Presbyterian church, officiated. Interment was made in the Reformed and Lutheran cemetery.

The pall bearers were the members of her Sabbath school class, namely, Misses Mabell Keller, Lizzie Snyder, Jennie Thomas, Stella Acker, Edith Riter and Carrie Spicher. These young people were intimate friends, and they tenderly carried her to and from the hearse and lowered the mortal remains to its last resting place.

MRS. GEORGE CUSTABERDER.

Mary C., wife of George Custaberder, died at the home of her son-in-law, J. H. Lutz, near Rock Mills, on the 10th inst. Deceased was a daughter of Michael Gorman, of Howard, and was aged about sixty-seven years. She was first married to William Martin, of Bellefonte. J. H. Martin, of Bellefonte; Mrs. Ellen Metzger, of Beech Creek; Mrs. J. H. Lutz, of Rock Mills; Mrs. Wm. Crust, of Laurelton; Messrs. Henry, George and Frank Martin, of Fowler, are the surviving children by her first marriage. Mr. Kustaberder, the husband, also survives. She was a member of the Methodist church. Rev. A. A. Black, of Boalsburg, conducted the funeral services.

MRS. CLARA JOHNSTON.

Mrs. Clara Johnston, wife of George W. Johnston, of Graysville, died at her home in that place Saturday morning, of consumption, aged thirty-six years. The deceased's maiden name was Clara Cole and her mother, one brother and several sisters survive her and are residents of Boalsburg. Mrs. Johnston was a devoted member of the Lutheran church, and was highly esteemed in the community in which she lived. The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon; interment at Pennsylvania Furnace.

CHARLES WITMER.

Charles Witmer, at the age of seventy-seven years, died at his home near Bellefonte, Friday morning of last week. Although not feeling well, Mr. Witmer was not confined to bed, and his family had little thought of his sudden death. Mrs. Witmer, who died a few years ago, was Miss Elizabeth Beakler. Fifteen children were the result of this union, eleven of whom survive the parents. Their names are John and Mrs. Moses Walters, of Pine Grove Mills; Allen and Winfield, of Lemont; Mrs. Wm. Hoffman, Edward, Oliver, William, Clayton, Calvin and Emma, of near Bellefonte. The funeral took place Monday, Dr. Laurie, of the Presbyterian church officiating.

Miss Katie Heckman, of Penn Hall, is visiting friends at Tusseyville.

Madison Moyer, of Tusseyville, left for Delever, New Jersey, Wednesday morning.

Sallie Courtier, of Mill Hall, aged fifteen years, stepped from a moving train as it approached Lock Haven and was fatally injured.

Dr. G. W. Krumbine, of Beech Creek, Wednesday came to see his brother John, who is ill at this place. The doctor reports business very fair in his section.

N. L. Dale, of Bellefonte, representing the reliable seed firm of George K. Higbie, Rochester, N. Y., was a caller Wednesday. Mr. Dale is making a circuit of this portion of the county, and is prepared to sell farmers and gardners the choicest seeds.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

A little child of J. W. Whiteman is ill.

Mrs. Lyman Smith is ill with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Julia Isbler, of Tusseyville, has been very sick the past week.

Tussey Mountain was well covered with snow beginning of this week.

D. F. Foreman, of Potters Mills, rode to town on his bike Tuesday.

Mrs. W. W. Boob and daughter, Grace, were in Millheim Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Hosterman spent Monday and Tuesday at Rebersburg.

The Northumberland Presbytery opened its spring sessions at Jersey Shore today.

Misses Maud Sweeney and Anna Mowery, of Spring Mills, were in town Sunday.

Rev. R. B. Wolf, of Eureka, Kansas, is the father of a boy, by this time about ten days old.

The Middleburg shoe factory, which was recently sold by the sheriff, will be started up again.

Miss Anna Bartholomew will on Monday begin an eight weeks' term of school for primary scholars.

O. T. Corman, merchant at Spring Mills, received a new stock of dry goods. All the latest patterns.

Improvements are being made on the Fleisher property occupied by Samuel Gross and Miss Kate Fleisher.

Mr. and Mrs. Sweeney, of Boalsburg, were in Centre Hall among friends and to attend the funeral of Miss Keller.

Mrs. H. C. Rothrock, of Millheim, Friday returned home from a week's stay in Boalsburg, her former home.

Prof. D. Nolin, an eye specialist, was arrested by Liveryman Felix, of Lewistown, for driving a horse to death.

Dr. Wolf has a school of sixty pupils at Spring Mills, most of them are preparing to teach or enter college.

The first snake killing of the season comes from Douty's saw mill, where a large black snake was killed by one of the mill hands.

C. W. Slack has finished the excavation for his new house, and the other day set the masons to work on the wall for the same.

I. N. Good, of Bellefonte, agent for the Union Central Life Insurance Company of Cincinnati, was in town on business Tuesday.

Don't pay five cents advance on a Harvester Straw Hat when you can buy one at our store at old prices.—S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville, Pa.

There are on hand at this office a nice lot of blank receipts that will be filled out and handed to patrons of the Reporter if they desire them.

Mrs. Simon Harper and son, Harry, Friday returned from Bellefonte after assisting Mrs. Marshall to put her Bellefonte home into condition.

Adam Yearick, of Brush Valley now occupies the house formerly owned by W. D. Custard Lamar. Mr. Yearick has purchased the property.

During the month of March the Modern Woodman society issued 16,211 benefit certificates to new members, and chartered 169 new camps.

The Fischer Match Factory at Williamsport one of largest in the country outside of the trust, is making preparations to double its capacity.

Wilber Salada, of the firm of Pryor & Salada, Electricians of Williamsport, spent Thursday night with his cousin, Mrs. W. O. Rearick in this place.

J. M. Barger, of Beech, was a caller Monday, and advertised letters of administration upon the estate of his father, Jacob Barger, deceased, of Gregg township.

Andrew Gregg, after finishing teaching a term of winter school at Lemont, engaged with the Commercial telephone company, and is with one of the line gangs.

John Durner and Dan Bohn, who left Linden Hall for the west beginning of April, came back on Monday. The young men think Centre county a better place than ever.

J. T. Lee Monday called at this office to express his gratification on the results of advertising in the Reporter. Mr. Lee does work in his line in an entirely satisfactory way.

Miss Emilie Alexander was home during the beginning of this week, and returned Wednesday to Tyrone, where she has a large class in instrumental and vocal music.

John Boozer, of Osceola, brother of D. A. Boozer, of this place, was here to attend the funeral of Miss Lizzie Keller. Mr. Boozer is engaged in undertaking, and is equipped with the modern appliances.

The Old Man Got Even.

One of those drummers who do a good deal of driving about the country delights in telling about an old-time bonifface who runs a country hotel within a day's drive of Detroit.

"Sharp as a tack," declares the drummer. "Always as smooth as oil until some one tries to make a run on him, and then he can get back harder, faster and in fewer words than any man I ever heard talk.

"I saw a man come in there one day from the city. He is all right at home, but was feeling his oats that day, and opened up on the old landlord by saying, 'Hello, grandad, get your frame in circulation. Don't set around here like a bump on a log. I want accommodation for man and beast.'

"'Where's the man?' asked the old chap in a flash."

Desperation.

Aunt Dinah—Here's a letter from de folks in Alabama. Says ole Uncle Eph has made three desperate attempts at suicide inside of a month.

Aunt Ruth—Deah me! Do it say how?

Aunt Dinah—Yes; says he stole a shoat, kicked a white man's dawg, and tried to vote."—Puck.

DO YOU FEEL LIKE THIS?

Pen Picture for Women.

"I am so nervous, there is not a well inch in my whole body. I am so weak at my stomach and have indigestion horribly, and palpitation of the heart, and I am losing flesh. This headache and backache nearly kills me, and yesterday I nearly had hysterics; there is a weight in the lower part of my bowels bearing down all the time, and pains in my groins and thighs; I cannot sleep, walk, or sit, and I believe I am diseased all over; no one ever suffered as I do."

This is a description of thousands of cases which come to Mrs. Pinkham's attention daily. An inflamed and ulcerated condition of the neck of the womb can produce all of these symptoms, and no woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection of misery when there is absolutely no need of it. The subject of our portrait in this sketch, Mrs. Williams of Englishtown, N.J., has been entirely cured of such illness and misery by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the guiding advice of Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass.

Mrs. John Williams.

No other medicine has such a record for absolute cures, and no other medicine is "just as good." Women who want a cure should insist upon getting Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when they ask for it at a store. Anyway, write a letter to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all your troubles. Her advice is free.

WEATHERWISE AND OTHERWISE!

WHY DON'T YOU WEAR TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER AND KEEP DRY?

BLACK OR YELLOW

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. LOOK FOR ABOVE TRADE MARK.

CATALOGUES FREE

Showing Full Line of Garments and Hats.

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS. 40

FOR GOUT, TORPID LIVER AND CONSTIPATION.

No medicine in the world can relieve you like the Natural Mineral Laxative Water, provided by nature herself and discovered more than 30 years ago and now used by every nation in the world.

Hunyadi János

Recommended by over one thousand of the most famous physicians, from whom we have testimonials, as the safest and best Natural Laxative Water known to medical science.

Its Action is Speedy, Sure and Gentle. It never gripes.

Every Druggist and General Wholesale Grocer Sells It.

ASK for the full name, "Hunyadi János." | BLUE Label with Red Centre Panel.

Sole Importer, Firm of Andreas Saxlehner, 130 Fulton St., N. Y.

FREE Our 160 page illustrated catalogue. **FREE**

WINCHESTER SHOTGUNS and **FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS** the winning combination in the field or at the trap. All dealers sell them.

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Winchester Factory loaded shotgun shells, "NEW RIVAL," "LEADER," and "REPEATER." A trial will prove their superiority.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

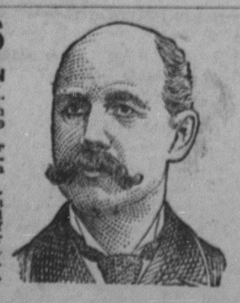
The real worth of my $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00. My $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.

I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true.

(Signed) W. L. Douglas.

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; I give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. If he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog free.

Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



Spring Cleaning Made Easy.

Much of the terror of spring cleaning may be avoided by proper preparation. Settled weather should be selected for the work, and a supply of all needed articles in readiness. Ivory Soap will be found best for washing windows, paints and floors; it is harmless and very effective in making the house clean and fresh.—Eliza R. Parker

A clean sweep of about a quarter of a million has been made by several English insurance companies. A gentleman who possessed the above amount did not agree with his relatives. Accordingly he purchased several annuities, but made a bad investment, for only a week elapsed between the purchase of the last annuity and the death of the gentleman. Thus the whole of the money goes into the insurance companies' coffers. His relatives get nothing.

Each package of Putnam Fadeless Dye colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly at one boiling. Sold by all druggists.

According to recently published statistics Berlin possesses now more than 50,300 telephones.

The worker wasps, like the worker bees, are smaller than the queens or males.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

In South Australia there are only eighty-five women for every 100 men.

If You Have Dyspepsia

Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; express paid. If cured, pay $5.50; if not, it is free.

The man who lives on the top of a mountain shouldn't object to climate.

The American People

Are the greatest sufferers from Constipation. Many cases have been cured effectually with small doses of Crab Orchard Water.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

The Public Library of Chicago has 260,000 volumes.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Rhode Island is one of the thirteen original States and smallest in the Union.

If you want "good digestion to wait upon your appetite" you should always chew a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

The ambidextrous chap can make his left hand his write hand.

An Anecdote of a Famous Woman.

(Told in A. D. 2000.)

One day Mr. Nation came home as mad as a man forced to cling to a strap in an airship. His face resembled a red-tag sale and his purple nose was purpler than usual.

"Carrie!" he thundered, "some vandal has chopped down my favorite bar! Have you any idea who would dare perpetrate such a—such a—outrageous outrage?"

Little Carrie calmly threw aside the plans she was making, and, stepping in front of her stern papa, exclaimed in clear, ringing tones:

"Father, I cannot tell a lie—I did it with my little hatchet."

"Mr. Nation staggered backward, struck dumb. After a successful hunt for his lost voice he spoke again.

"Daughter," he softly said, swallowing with difficulty a large, dry lump in his throat, "I would rather have you done as you did than be forced to pay the bar bill of $5.85 I owed that joint."—Puck.

Noah's Deficiency.

"There's no use of talking," said one navy officer, "I can't help admiring that man Noah. The way he built his own boat and then sailed it was remarkable."

"Yes," answered the other, "it showed good workmanship. But, you see, Noah wasn't obliged to represent anybody diplomatically when he touched at foreign ports. I doubt very much if he would have known how to behave in a drawing room."

FERTILIZERS VERSUS CROPS.

The use of commercial fertilizers has prevented the falling off in the averages of staple crops in the East, the yields of which were decreasing every year. It is almost impossible to produce sufficient manure on a large farm to retain its fertility, and more fertilizers should be used.

FERTILIZING THE SOIL FOR SQUASH.

Such crops as squash, cucumbers and melons should have all fertilizers applied by broadcasting over the surface of the ground. If manure is applied it will also give good results if worked into the soil, although well-rotted manure in the hills will assist the plants at the start.

FOOD FOR BEES.

When the weather is warm enough for bees to fly, give them some finely ground corn meal, wheat or rye canaille, or the finer parts of sifted ground oats. Place in shallow pans, one to every four or five colonies, and do not put feed over one-half inch deep. Avoid giving grain too finely ground like pure flour, as it would be liable to smother them.

A CONVENIENT BRACE AND BITS.

It is oftentimes necessary to carry a brace and bits when working on the farm or lumbering. The most convenient way is to get a piece of soft timber as long as the bits, and bore the whole length of the bits into the end of the stick. Pour a little oil in each hole, to keep the bits from rusting. A block two inches square will hold all that are usually needed, and render them proof against the weather and damage from rough handling.

WHERE TO KEEP MILK.

The cellar is not regarded as the best place for milk. It is claimed that the milk room should be above ground and be kept filled with pure and constantly changing air. Those who make the best butter, outside of the creameries, have excellent results by keeping the milk in shallow pans, from one and one-half to two and one-half inches deep, the temperature to be 60 degrees. This is considered one of the best plans for securing the fine, aromatic flavor and waxy grain to the butter. The milk should be skimmed at from 24 to 36 hours, the cream should ripen in from 12 to 24 hours, at 60 degrees. Dairy men must largely be governed by circumstances in making choice butter.

GRADE MOTHERS.

It seems to be a principle in breeding that when two animals of different breeds are mated, the influences of the one which is the nearest pure bred, if both are in equal vigor and strength, will be the most potent in its effect upon the offspring. If one is weak or in poor condition, the other may attain the ascendency, as surely will be the case with the one that is of a pure bred and the other only a grade. When both are equal in breeding and health, it is unsafe to predict which parent the offspring will most resemble, as it may vary according to their condition at the time of mating. This will explain why many who have begun to grade up their herds by the use of a pure bred male have succeeded better than those who have tried to effect a cross between two good breeds. And this is true of poultry as of animals.

SPECIAL CROPS.

One of the objections to the farmer devoting himself to a special crop is that he is likely to have to buy, or more often go without many things which he might produce at home at less cost than he buys them, and often he might be better repaid for his labor if he put it into production of such things as he needs to use at home. We think that a farmer should grow his own supply of nearly every variety of garden vegetables and small fruits, and produce his own poulty and eggs, if not his milk and butter. It may seem against the grain to devote as much time to an acre of gardens as would do the work on four of five acres of grain, or as much to the care of fifty hens as to three cows, but we work, or most of us have to, for the profit there is in it, and there are few things on the farm that will pay better for the capital invested and labor done than a well-cared-for garden and poultry yard.—American Cultivator.

A HOUSE FOR SIXTY FOWLS.

I am planning to build a hen-house 10x36 feet, divided into three pens, each 10x12, to accommodate 20 hens each. It will be seven feet front and five feet rear, so that twelve foot of lumber will work without waste. Shall double board this with one-half or three-fourths inch hemlock boards, with paper between, also paper roofing. Shall have either one full window or two half sliding windows in each pen with a three-foot door, opening outward. I expect to keep the doors open nearly every day and when shut at night it will be warmer than if there were more windows. Will lay the sills on a stone foundation and fill in with sand or dirt for a floor to be kept well littered with chaff.

Shall sell off or use for the table the hens in one pen every spring and use that pen for chickens, disposing of the roosters and keeping the pullets, 20 or 25, in the same pen to avoid the difficulty of changing them around. The next year clear the next pen and so on, keeping none over three years.

I will have one male only in the best pen and use the eggs for sitting. It will take 2,100 feet of seasoned hemlock at $14 per M, two rolls paper and the windows, nails and inside fixings will bring the cost up to $50.—Edith W. Holton, in New England Homestead.

WEEDS ARE OF SOME BENEFIT.

Weeds are everywhere. Their presence should cause alarm. They choke the wheat in the field, annoy the gardener, thrive in the meadow, spring up by the roadside, rob cultivated plants of their nutriment, injure the crops by crowding and shading, make the cleaning of seeds difficult, while most of them are of little value as food for domestic animals. Yet weeds are of some benefit, for they induce more frequent and thorough cultivation, which helps crops. A new arrival of a weed of the first rank stimulates watchfulness. In occupying the soil after a crop has been removed, weeds prevent the loss of fertility by shading the ground.

What enables a plant to become a weed? Sometimes by producing an enormous number of seeds; in other cases by the great vitality of their seeds. Some are very succulent, and even when pulled, ripen seeds. Some seeds are difficult to separate from the seed of the crop cultivated. Some plants go to seed long before suspected, as no showy flowers announce the time of bloom. Some seeds and seed-like fruits are furnished with a balloon or sail, or grappling hooks. Some weeds defend themselves with forks or bayonets. Most of them are disagreeable in taste or odor, so that domestic animals leave them to occupy the ground and multiply.—The Epitomist.

HANDY FRUIT LADDERS.

Many farmers have too few fruit ladders, and what they do have are often too heavy and hard to handle. A ladder to be used by carpenters or masons for carrying heavy loads to the top of buildings can hardly be too strong. There are generally men enough at hand to raise or move them as occasion requires, which is not very often, but in gathering fruit one needs a ladder that can be handled easily as one passes around a tree or goes from one tree to another.

I have had good, strong ladders, that were not very heavy, made from white pine trees that grew and died in thick groves of pines. There will be no pitch in such wood. If a live tree can be found of the desired size, and is cut around at the butt to kill it, and then left to stand till it dies and is seasoned, it will be comparatively light and very strong. After trimming off what small limbs there are, and shaving off the bark and as much of the sap wood as necessary to bring it to the right size, the holes should be bored, after which the tree should be split with a good splitting saw. White oak or red oak makes good rounds if split from sound, straight grained timber. Such a ladder should be safe for carrying bunches of shingles to the roof of a building. But for fruit ladders I prefer something lighter. I have made several very satisfactory ones from straight grain spruce boards that were but little more than an inch in thickness. In piles of one by six inch fencing stuff, as found in lumber yards, one can often find strips from the outside of the logs that are not only nearly free from knots, but are from an eighth to a quarter of an inch over thick. These will make excellent pieces for fruit ladders. I have three such, ranging from ten to nineteen feet in length. The longest one I can easily raise on end, and it is perfectly safe to mount to the top when properly placed against a tree. The boards are split with a saw on a diagonal line, so that when one side is reversed, end for end, I have two pieces each three and one-half at one end by two and one-half at the other. After planing the sides and taking a shaving off from the corners and sandpapering to remove all slivers, the holes should be bored with a good extension lip bit. Inch holes are none too large for the lower end, but those near the top should be seven-eighths or even three-quarters for the last two or three. My rounds have all been made from the butt of a butternut tree, and they are strong enough and much lighter than oak.

In working out the rounds I would have them larger in the middle than at the ends. The rounds should fit snugly in the holes at both ends, so that when the ladder is finished it will be almost like one solid piece. I always split the ends of the rounds after they are all in place and sawed off smooth, and then drive in hard wood wedges. This makes the ladder feel very firm and stiff. It should not be necessary to say that the wedges must be so set as not to strain the wood lengthwise of the grain. The bottom rounds should be the longest and grow shorter to the top. Made in this way, it will stand more firmly when in use and be easier to place on end. To make it still more secure, the end rounds and several between should be well pinned with hard wood pins driven into small holes bored with a bit. Such ladders, if kept painted and housed when not in use, should last one a lifetime.—A. W. Cheever, in New York Tribune.

Last Survivor of a Famous Wreck.

J. Johnson, who died recently in Liverpool, was the last survivor of the famous wreck of the Berkenhead, the troopship that went down in Simon's bay in February, 1852, when only 184 men out of 633 got to shore. The troops stood drawn up under arms on deck till the ship sank.

WHAT AILS THE APPLES?

THE OLD-FASHIONED KIND NOT TO BE HAD NOW.

Prices Charged That Would Have Made Our Grandfathers Stare—New Fashions in Oranges—The Season's Fruit Supply—Hot House Peaches.

"If you want a rare fruit and don't mind expense, buy apples," said the proprietor of a retail fruit store that caters to New York's most exclusive trade. "Hothouse grapes and winter strawberries are common enough, but I give you my word, half the time we can't get first-class apples at any price.

"Some of them look well enough, at first, but they haven't a good flavor and they rot while you stand looking at them. I don't know what's wrong. The old orchards are played out, and new ones haven't been planted to take their place, and the trees that are bearing don't get the proper care.

"Why, I can remember when delicious, juicy, sound apples were a drug on the market. Every one kept a few barrels of apples in his cellar; and, with a little sorting, the fruit was good all winter. I'd like to see you try that now. We don't even buy barrels of apples for our trade. It doesn't pay. The apples will not keep until the barrel is emptied.

"Look at those pippins. We've had them three days and they are specked and unattractive already. The only good apples we get come from Oregon. They are packed in small quantities in boxes and they keep fairly well. We have handled 1,000 boxes of them this winter, and we get from 50 cents to $1.60 a dozen. What would our great grandfathers have thought if they had been asked to pay $1.60 a dozen for apples? I've paid 50 cents apiece for apples in Europe, and we'll reach that record here before long if something isn't done to improve our orchards.

"It's a pity for more reasons than one that apples are getting scarce. A physician was talking about it in here just the other day. He will have apples no matter what he has to pay for them, and he says they are the most wholesome fruit any one can eat. His children are allowed to have all the apples they want, and he says that if all children were allowed to eat apples whenever they felt like it, there would not be half so much sickness among them.

"Maybe that's one of the reasons children used to be healthier than they are now. I remember when I was a youngster I always had apples in my pockets, and so did every other boy, but we didn't often see candy. Then in the evening at home there was always a big silver bowl of shiny apples on the sitting room table, and everybody in the family ate at least one or two during the evening. That sort of thing would bankrupt a millionaire now-a-days.

"This is rather an off season for fine fruit—'between hay and grass,' as farmers say. Some fruits are about played out, and others have hardly begun to come in, but we manage to keep a pretty big variety on hand.

"The oranges have been unusually fine. Orange growers are improving their grades right along, and this is a good season. A comparatively new orange is first favorite among epicures just now. It's the King of Siam. Here's one. You see it looks like a big tangarine with a rough, loose skin. We are getting them from Florida now. A little later they'll come in from California.

"There's another orange that has jumped into New York popularity, all of a sudden, the little Kumquot, I mean, this little thing that looks like a plum dressed in orange skin. They are used for garnishing and for salads, and then they are preserved and candied. Three years ago it was almost impossible to sell fresh Kumquots here, save to confectioners, but some of the caterers took them up, as salad relishes, and the swells fancied them, and now we sell any quantity of them.

"The hothouse peaches aren't so good as they should be this season, but then one ought not to expect much of them, after the trip they have to make. You know we get them from Cape Town, in South Africa. They come by way of England, and we sell them for $10 a dozen. Pretty soon hot house peaches will come in from Massachusetts, and sell as low as $5 or $6 a dozen.

"Grape fruit is fine and cheap this season, and pineapples are unusually good. The pineapples are cheaper than they used to be, too. You can get a good one for from 50 cents to $1. The early strawberries are another out-of-season fruit that is finer in quality and lower in price than it was formerly. Florida berries that used to sell for $1.25 a box are going for 65 cents a box now, and they are much larger and more delicious in flavor than early berries used to be.

"The tomatoes have been the bothersome proposition this winter. They have been shrivelled and small and tasteless, yet they have brought big prices. The only decent ones we have been able to get have come from Canada and are worth 75 cents a pound.

"Asparagus is plenty. The long, green hothouse asparagus from Illinois is worth $7.50 a dozen bunches, and the white hothouse asparagus grown around here brings $9 a dozen bunches. There are seven stalks in a bunch, you know.

"Mushrooms? Why, all the world seems to have gone to raising mushrooms lately. The market is flooded with them. Luckily, their popularity seems to be increasing with the supply. But after all, the price of first-class selected mushrooms hasn't dropped. They are still worth $1 a pound, though you can get all the small mushrooms you want for 50 cents a pound. American cooks are using the fresh mushrooms more and more in sauces and seasoning.

"In fact, the demand for all sorts of out-of-season vegetables and fruits is increasing enormously in this country. I don't know whether we are becoming more extravagant or whether the class that can afford luxury is increasing rapidly, but where ten years ago one person bought the kinds of winter fruit and vegetables we sell a hundred buy them now."—New York Sun.

NEW USES FOR SAWDUST.

Machinery Invented to Extract Its Valuable Products.

Scientific men have long been engaged in the study of methods of utilizing waste products, such as sewage, garbage and many other things, formerly thrown away as worthless. After it is ascertained just what these materials contain that can be utilized, ingenious men set their wits to work to invent machinery and devise processes by which the valuable commodities may be extracted. In this way many million dollars' worth of oils, fertilizers and other useful substances are now saved and the world is so much the richer.

A great deal of sawdust has always gone to waste, though many mills have used it to supplement their fuel supply. Chemical analysts have been at work on the sawdust problem, and it has been shown clearly that it contains very useful elements that are worth saving, and now machinery has been invented to extract these materials.

The experiments have proven that 1,000 pounds of sawdust will yield about 160-pounds of char, which is practically the same as charcoal, and equally serviceable; 180 pounds of acids, 160 pounds of tar, and a quantity of gases that have been tested for heating and illuminating and found to be excellent for both purposes. While the acids, tar and char are the products particularly desired, it is said the gases are of commercial value.

A machine has been invented in Montreal for the purpose of distilling sawdust and obtaining the desired products. Consul-General Bittinger writes that the machine treats about 2,000 pounds of wet sawdust an hour. As Canada manufactures enormous quantities of lumber, it is expected that the utilization of sawdust in that country will be an important source of valuable commodities.

There are twenty places in Europe where oxalic acid is extracted from sawdust. In Scotland sawdust is used to make floorcloth, coarse wrapping paper and millboard, which is a kind of pasteboard used by book makers in the covers of books. Thus sawdust once thought to be a good deal of a nuisance, is beginning to be considered quite a useful article.—New York Sun.

The State Flower of Texas.

The State flower of Texas is to be the blue bonnet, or buffalo clover, a wild flower which grows in the greatest profusion over the whole State, at times covering many acres with a carpet of blue. It is, seen in masses, a most effective blossom. Botanists call it "Lupinus subcanosus," and say that it belongs to the great family of the leguminosae. In common parlance it is one of the comparatively humble pulse family, and is about the same as the wild lupine, which grows freely in sandy places throughout the north during the summer, beginning in late June and lasting until September.

The blue bonnet grows about a foot high. The flowers cluster on a two-inch raceme. They are a deep blue in color, resembling pea blossoms, with a white or yellowish centre. Scientists call them "truly papilionaceous;" children translate this by saying that they are "just like butterflies." Thoreau, writing of the lupine in Massachusetts, said:

"It paints a whole hillside with its blue, making such a field (if not a meadow) as Prosperpine might have wandered in. Its leaf was made to be covered with dewdrops. I am quite excited by this prospect of blue flowers in clumps, with narrow intervals—such a profusion of the heavenly, the Elysian color, as if these were the Elysian fields. That is the value of the lupine."—New York Tribune.

Jews in the Roumanian Army.

No Jewish soldier in the Roumanian Army can be promoted to a commission, however brave and loyal he may be. The saying is that as long as he is with the flag he is a soldier." When he ceases to be he becomes a Jew again. Even if he enlists for a second term of service he does not, like others who do so, earn a pension thereby. An army surgeon, if he be a Jew, and the best surgeons in Roumania are Jews as a rule, only ranks as a common soldier, whereas his professional inferiors rank as officers. No Jews are admitted into the military schools, and, however high the scholastic or University distinctions and grades of a Jew, he has to serve as a "ranker" for three years, instead of being let off as a "volontaire" with one year's service. Such is the treatment accorded to the 30,000 Jews belonging to the active army and reserves of the Roumanian State.—The National Review.

The Man's Way.

When a man finds a woman for whom he thinks there's nothing good enough he asks her to take him.—Philadelphia Record.

Six rich bachelors, of New York City, are going to erect for their exclusive occupancy, at an expense of $400,000, a gorgeous apartment establishment. Now York evidently needs a bachelor tax.

AS AN EXHILARATION.

Dr. Talmage Says Christianity is Uplifting and Dispels Melancholia.

The Fate of Young Men Who Go In for Sinful Amusements.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage sets forth religion as an exhilaration, and urges all people to try its uplifting power; text, Proverbs iii, 17, "Her ways are ways of pleasantness."

You have all heard of God's only begotten Son. Have you heard of God's daughter? She was born in heaven. She came down over the hills of our world. She had queenly step. On her brow was celestial radiance. Her voice was music. Her name is religion. My text introduces her. "Her ways are ways of pleasantness, and all her paths are peace." But what is religion? The fact is that theological study has had a different effect upon me from the effect sometimes produced. Every year I tear out another leaf from my theology until I have only three or four leaves left—in other words, a very brief and plain statement of Christian belief.

An aged Christian minister said: "When I was a young man, I knew everything; when I got to be thirty-five years of age, in my creed I had only a hundred doctrines of religion; when I got to be forty years of age I had only fifty doctrines of religion; when I got to be sixty years of age I had only ten doctrines of religion, and now I am dying at seventy-five years of age, and there is only thing I know, and that is that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners." And so I have noticed in the study of God's word, and in my contemplation of the character of God and of the eternal world, that it is necessary for me to drop this part of my belief and that part of my belief as being nonessential, while I cling to the one great doctrine that man is a sinner, and Christ is his Almighty, and divine Saviour.

Now, I take these three or four leaves of my theology, and I find that, in the first place and dominant above all others, is the sunshine of religion. When I go into a room I have a passion for throwing open all the shutters. That is what I want to do this morning. We are apt to throw so much of the sepulchral into our religion and to close the shutters and to pull down the blinds that is is only through here and there a crevice that the light streams. The religion of the Lord Jesus Christ is a religion of joy indescribable and unutterable. Wherever I can find a bell I mean to ring it.

If there are any in this house this morning who are disposed to hold on to their melancholy and gloom, let them now depart this service before the fairest and brightest and the most radiant being of all the universe comes in. God's Son has left our world, but God's daughter is here. Give her room! Hail, Princess of Heaven! Hail, daughter of the Lord God Almighty! Come in and make this house thy throne-room!

In setting forth this idea, the dominant theory of religion is one of sunshine, I hardly know where to begin, for there are so many thoughts that rush upon my soul. A mother saw her little child seated on the floor in the sunshine and with a spoon in her hand. She said, "My darling, what are you doing there?" "Oh," replied the child, "I am getting a spoonful of this sunshine." Would God that to-day I might present you with a gleaming chalice of this glorious, everlasting gospel sunshine!

First of all, I find a great deal of sunshine in Christian society. I do not know of anything more doleful than the companionship of the mere funmakers of the world—the Thomas Hoods, the Charles Lambs, the Charles Mathewses of the world—the men whose entire business it is to make sport.

They make others laugh, but if you will examine their autobiography or biography you will find that down in their soul there was a terrific disquietude. Laughter is no sign of happiness. The maniac laughs. The hyena laughs. The loon among the Adirondacks laughs. The drunkard, dashing his decanter against the wall, laughs.

There is a terrible reaction from all sinful amusement and sinful merriment. Such men are cross the next day. They snap at you on exchange or they pass you, not recognizing you. Long ago I quit mere worldly society for the reason it was so dull, so inane and so stupid. My nature is voracious of joy. I must have it.

I always walk on the sunny side of the street, and for that reason I have crossed over into Christian society. I like their mode of repartee better. I like their style of amusement better. They live longer. Christian people, I sometimes notice, live on when by all natural law they ought to have died. I have known persons who have continued in their existence when the doctor said they ought to have been dead ten years. Every day of their existence was a defiance of the laws of anatomy and physiology, but they had this supernatural vivacity of the gospel in their soul, and that kept them alive.

Put ten or twelve Christian people in a room for Christian conversation, and you will from eight to ten o'clock hear more resounding glee, see more bright strokes of wit and find more thought and profound satisfaction than in any merely worldly party. Now, when I say a "worldly party," I mean that to which you are invited because under all the circumstances of the case it is better that you go, and, leaving the shawls on the second floor, you go to the parlor to give formal salutation to the host and the hostess and then move around, spending the whole evening in the discussion of the weather and in apology for treading on long trains and in effort to keep the corners of the mouth up to the sign of pleasure and going around with an idiotic he-he about nothing until the collation is served and then, after the collation is served, going back again into the parlor to resume the weather and then at the close going at a very late hour to the host and hostess and assuring them that you have had a most delightful evening and then passing down off the front steps, the slam of the door the only satisfaction of the evening.

O young man come from the country to spend your days in city life, where are you going to spend your evenings? Let me tell you, while there are many places of innocent worldly amusement, it is most wise for you to throw your body, mind and soul into Christian society. Come to me at the close of five years and tell me what has been the result of this advice. Bring with you the young man who refused to take the advice, and who went into sinful amusement. He will come dissipated, shabby in apparel, indisposed to look any one in the eyes, moral character eighty-five per cent. off. You will come with principle settled, countenance frank, habits good, soul saved, and all the inhabitants of heaven, from the lowest angel up to the archangel and clear past him to the Lord God Almighty, your coadjutors.

This is not the advice of a misanthrope. There is no man in the house to whom the world is brighter than it is to me. It is not the advice of a dyspeptic—my digestion is perfect; it is not the advice of a man who cannot understand a joke or who prefers a funeral; it is not the advice of a worn-out man, but the advice of a man who can see this world in all its brightness, and considering myself competent in judging what is good cheer I tell the multitudes of young men that there is nothing in worldly associations so grand and so beautiful and so exhilarant as in Christian society.

I know there is a great deal of talk about the self denials of the Christian. I have to tell you that where the Christian has one self denial the man of the world has a thousand self denials. The Christian is not commanded to surrender anything that is worth keeping. But what does a man deny himself who denies himself the religion of Christ! He denies himself pardon for sin; he denies himself peace of conscience; he denies himself the joy of the Holy Ghost; he denies himself a comfortable death pillow; he denies himself the glories of heaven. Do not talk to me about the self denials of the Christian life. Where there is one in the Christian life there are a thousand in the life of the world. "Her ways are ways of pleasantness."

Again, I find a great deal of religious sunshine in Christian and divine explanation. To a great many people life is an inexplicable tangle. Things turn out differently from what was supposed. There is a useless woman in perfect health. There is an industrious and consecrated woman a complete invalid. Explain that. There is a bad man with $30,000 of income. There is a good man with $800 of income. Why is that? There is a foe of society who lives on, doing all the damage he can, to seventy-five years of age, and here is a Christian father, faithful in every department of life, at thirty-five years of age taken away by death, his family left helpless. Explain that. Oh, there is no sentence that oftener drops from your lips than this: "I cannot understand it; I cannot understand it."

Well, now religion comes in just at that point with its illumination and its explanation. There is a business man who has lost his entire fortune. The week before he lost his fortune there were twenty carriages that stopped at the door of his mansion. The week after he lost his fortune all the carriages you could count on one finger. The week before financial trouble began people all took off their hats to him as he passed down the street. The week his financial prospects were under discussion people just touched their hats without anywise bending the rim. The week that he was pronounced insolvent people just jolted their heads as they passed, not tipping their hats at all, and the week the sheriff sold him out all his friends were looking in the store windows as they went down past him.

Now, while the world goes away from a man while he is in financial distress, the religion of Christ comes to him and says: "You are sick, and your sickness is to be moral purification. You are bereaved. God wanted in some way to take your family to heaven, and He must begin somewhere, and so He took the one that was most beautiful and was ready to go." I do not say that religion explains everything in this life, but I do say it lays down certain principles which are grandly consolatory. You know business men often telegraph in cipher. The merchant in San Francisco telegraphs to the merchant in New York certain information in cipher which no other man in that line of business can understand, but the merchant in San Francisco has the key to the cipher, and the merchant in New York has the key to the cipher, and on that information transmitted there are enterprises involving hundreds of thousands of dollars. Now, the providences of life sometimes seem to be senseless rigmarole, a mysterious cipher, but God has a key to that cipher, and the Christian a key to that cipher, and though he may hardly be able to spell out the meaning he gets enough of the meaning to understand that it is for the best.

Oh, what an observatory in which to study astronomy heaven will be, not by power of telescope, but by supernatural vision, and, if there be something doubtful 10,000,000 miles away, by one stroke of the wing you are there, by another stroke of the wing you are back again, and all in less time than I tell you, catching it all in one flash of eternity.

And geology! What a place that will be to study geology when the world is being picked to pieces as easily as a schoolgirl in botanical lessons pulls the leaf from the corolla! What a place to study architecture, amid the thrones and the palaces and the cathedrals—St. Mark's and St. Paul's rookeries in comparison.

Sometimes you wish you could make the tour of the whole earth, going around as others have gone, but you have not the time, you have not the means. You will make the tour yet during one musical pause in the eternal anthem. I say these things for the comfort of those people who are abridged in their opportunities—those people to whom life is humdrum, who toil and work and toil and work and aspire after knowledge, but have no time to get it and say, "If I had the opportunities which other people have, how I would fill my mind and soul with great thoughts!" Be not discouraged, my friends. You are going to the university yet. Death will only matriculate you into the royal college of the universe.

What a sublime thing it was that Dr. Thornwell, of South Carolina, uttered in his last dying moments! As he looked up he said, "It opens; it expands, it expands." Or as Mr. Toplady, the author of "Rock of Ages," in his last moment or during his last hours looked up and said, as though he saw something supernatural, "Light!" and then as he came on nearer the dying moment, his countenance more luminous, he cried, "Light!" and at the very moment of his departure lifted both hands, something supernatural in his countenance as he cried "Light!" Only another name for sunshine.

Besides that, we shall have all the pleasures of association. We will go right up in the front of God without any fright. All our sins gone, there will be nothing to be frightened about. There our old Christian friends will troop around us. Just as now one of your sick friends goes away to Florida, the land of flowers, or to the south of France, and you do not see him for a long while, and after awhile you meet him, and the hollows under the eyes are all filled, and the appetite has come back, and the crutch has been thrown away, and he is so changed you hardly know him. You say, "Why, I never saw you look so well." He says: "I couldn't help but be well. I have been sailing these rivers and climbing these mountains, and that's how I got this elasticity. I never was so well." Oh, my friends, your departed loved ones are only away for their health in a better climate, and when you meet them they will be so changed you will hardly know them, they will be so much changed, and after awhile, when you are assured that they are your friends, your departed friends, you will say: "Why, where is that cough? Where is that paralysis? Where is that pneumonia? Where is that consumption?" And he will say: "Oh, I am entirely well! There is no sick ones in this country. I have been ranging these hills and hence this elasticity. I have been here now twenty years, and not one sick one have I seen. We are all well in this climate."

And then I stand at the gate of the celestial city to see the processions come out, and I see a long procession of little children with their arms full of flowers, and then I see a procession of kings and priests moving in celestial pageantry—a long procession, but no black tasseled vehicle, no mourning group—and I say: "How strange it is! Where is your Greenwood? Where is your Laurel Hill? Where is your Westminster Abbey?" And they shall cry, "There are no graves here." And then listen for the tolling of the old bellfries of heaven, the old belfries of eternity. I listen to hear them toll for the dead, but they toll not for the dead. They only strike up a silvery chime, tower to tower, east gate to west gate, as they ring out, "They shall hunger no more, neither thirst any more, neither shall the sun light on them nor any heat, for the Lamb which is in the midst of the throne shall lead them to living fountains of water, and God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes."

The Less Way.

"You must ask your father, my dear, if you can have a new dress."

"But do you think that is wise, mamma?"

"Why not?"

"I thought I would order it first."

Cold Days in Boston.

Sue Brette—I understand now why you said that Boston girl was so cold.

Foot Lighte—Why so?

"When I passed the parlor door I noticed your lips were frozen to hers."

DEERING AT PARIS IN 1900.

The Famous Chicago Harvester Company Received More and Greater Honors Than Were Ever Before Accorded an American Exhibitor in the History of Expositions.

America may well feel proud of the interest which her citizens took in the Paris Exposition and the elaborate exhibits which were prepared with consummate skill and displayed in a manner not excelled by any other country. Those of Harvesting Machinery in particular were most complete and interesting. The Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago, America's foremost manufacturer of this line of goods, was accorded the position of honor, having contributed more to the advancement of the art of harvesting than any other manufacturer, living or dead, and with a greater array of important inventions to its credit than any other company in the world.

Visitors to the Exposition were prompt to accord the Deering exhibits supreme honors, and it only remained for official mandate to ratify the popular verdict, which was done in a manner as substantial as it was well-merited. Each one of the seven Deering exhibits secured the highest award in its class.

In addition to four high decorations, the Deering Harvester Company received twenty-five awards, or twenty-nine in all, as follows: Decoration of Officer of the Legion of Honor, Decoration of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, Two Decorations of Officer of Merite Agricole, a Special Certificate of Honor, The Grand Prize, Six Gold Medals, Six Silver Medals and Eleven Bronze Medals, including Deering Collaborator Medals.

The Decoration of Legion of Honor was instituted by Napoleon Bonaparte when First Consul in 1802, and is only conferred in recognition of distinguished military or civil achievements. It is the highest distinction in the gift of the French Republic.

The Decoration of Merite Agricole is an honor of but slightly less importance, which is conferred upon those who have contributed greatly to the advancement of agriculture.

An Official Certificate of Honor was accorded the Deering Retrospective Exhibit, which showed the improvements in harvesting machinery during the past century, and excited the highest praise of the French Government Officials who had entrusted to the Deering Harvester Company the preparation of this most important exhibit. By special request this exhibit has been presented to the National Museum of Arts and Sciences at Paris, where it has become a permanent future of that world-famed institution.

The Deering Twine Exhibit and Corn Harvester Exhibit, both of which received the highest awards, have by request of the French Government been presented to the National Agricultural College of France.

There was no field trial, either official or otherwise, in connection with the Paris Exposition, but the most important foreign contest the past season was held under the auspices of the Russian Expert Commission at the Governmental Farm of Tomsk, Siberia, August 14th to 18th. All the leading American and European machines participated and were subjected to the most difficult tests by the Government Agriculturist. The Expert Commission awarded the Deering Harvester Company the Grand Silver Medal of the Minister of Agriculture and Domain, which was the highest award.

The Deering Harvester Works are the largest of their kind in the world, covering eighty-five acres and employing 9000 people. They are equipped with modern automatic machines, many of which perform the labor of from five to fifteen hands.

This Company is also the largest manufacturer of Binder Twine in the world, having been first to produce single-strand binder twine, such as is in general use today, making over a third of the product of the entire world. The output of its factory for a single day would tie a band around the earth at the equator, with several thousand miles to spare. The annual production would fill a freight train twenty miles long. Made into a mat two feet wide, it would reach across the American Continent from ocean to ocean.

Deering machines are known as LIGHT DRAFT DEALS, consisting of Binders, Mowers, Reapers, Corn Harvesters, Shredders and Rakes.

This Company exhibited at the Paris Exposition an Automobile Mower, which attracted much attention, and exhibitions were given with one of these machines in the vicinity of Paris throughout the season.

If the world be divided into land and water hemispheres, London is the centre of the land, New Zealand of the water.

If Your Stomach

makes life miserable, its your own fault. Dr. Greene, the discoverer of Dr. Greene's Nervura, will tell you why this is so, and just exactly how to cure the whole trouble. This information and advice will cost you nothing. Write to Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City.

Choice Vegetables always bring high prices. To raise them successfully, a fertilizer containing at least 8% Potash should be used.

Our books furnish useful information on all subjects relating to crop raising. They are sent free.

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Constipation

is easily cured and the bowels restored to a healthy condition by the use of

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

the natural remedy for all stomach, bowel, liver and kidney troubles. By our method of concentration each 6 oz. bottle is equivalent to three gallons of the spring water.

Sold by all druggists. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle. TRADE MARK

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DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER.

BNU 16.

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Watch our next advertisement.

A Tablespoonful to a Cup IS THE RULE FOR MAKING COFFEE

BUT ¾ OF A TABLESPOONFUL OF

Lion Coffee

will give you stronger coffee than a tablespoonful of any other kind. Here is where you save money!

USE LION COFFEE!

Always insist upon getting it. **LION COFFEE** is absolutely pure, and not a coffee which is glazed or coated with egg mixtures or chemicals in order to hide imperfections.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Liver Don't Act?

You know very well how you feel when your liver don't act. Bile collects in the blood, bowels become constipated and your whole system is poisoned. A lazy liver is an invitation for a thousand pains and aches to come and dwell with you. Your life becomes one long measure of irritability and despondency and bad feeling. CASCARETS act directly, and in a peculiarly happy manner on the liver and bowels, cleansing, purifying, revitalizing every portion of the liver, driving all the bile from the blood, as is soon shown by increased appetite for food, power to digest it, and strength to throw off the waste. **Beware of imitations!**

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THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented." J. A. SMITH, 2220 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

"He did it quickly and ...matically and ...swimmin'."—Washington Star.

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10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

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GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 655

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., New York or Chicago.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

S. W. SMITH, ... Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
April 18, 1901.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

NOTE.—Subscribers will please observe the date on the label of the Reporter after a remittance is made and report if it is not correct. Dates are only changed the first issue of each month. Jan01, means that your subscription is paid to last January. 01 means July, 1901.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

PROTHONOTARY.

We are authorized to announce that M. I. Gardner, of Bellefonte borough, will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce that N. B. Spangler, of Bellefonte will be a candidate for the office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

WORK IN THE HOUSE.

The renovated butter bill, which regulates the manufacture and sale of "boiled" or "process" butter that is reworked and subjected to chemical processes to give it the appearance of fresh butter, was passed by a vote of 158 ayes to only 2 nays.

There was something of a fight over the bill abolishing fees for District Attorneys and in lieu of which a certain salary is fixed in all counties whose population does not exceed 150,000. The salaries are graded all the way from $500 in counties whose population does not exceed 10,000 up to $4000 in counties whose population is 150,000. Centre County, with a population of 42,894, would pay its district attorneys a salary of $1000.

IN THE SENATE.

These bills were passed finally:—

House bill amending an act relating to free kindergartens, so that such schools established by agencies other than the Commonwealth can be assisted out of the bublic school funds.

Providing for the submission to the people at the November election a proposed constitutional amendment which will permit the use of voting machines at elections, providing the proposed amendment passes both houses of this Legislature.

House bill amending an act relating to the regulations of public schools, so that a teacher's certificate shall not be given to persons who habitually use opium or any other narcotics.

BILLS SIGNED.

Governor Stone signed the McClain-Cooper libel bill, also the following bills:

Authorizing school boards to grant the use of school houses for lyceum and other literary purposes.

Regulating the baling of hay and straw and marking the weight of the bale.

Empowering the owners and lesses of real estate to kill hares or rabbits upon their own premises at all seasons of the year.

Providing for the taking of depositions in cases pending before magistrates and justices of the peace.

COAL LANDS SOLD FOR $2,000,000.

Webster Company Buys the Extensive Property in Blair and Combria Counties.

The greatest deal in coal lands, coke ovens and mining operations ever effected in Blair and Cambria Counties has just been consummated. By it all the interests of the Mitchell Coal and Coke Company pass into the hands of the Webster Coal and Coke Company. The company has recenly acquired all the interests of John C. Scott & Sons, at Summerhill, the Cresson Company's shaft at Cresson and the Amsbry mines at Amsbry. In addition to this the company owns 40, 000 acres of undeveloped coal lands. The purchase adds to the Webster Company's output 4500 tons of coal and 1000 tons of coke per day.

The deal, in addition to the operations at Gallitzin, Hastings, Ben's Creek and Nantyglo, in Cambria County, includes the Bennington operation in Blair County, a large mine at Osceola and 10,000 acres of undeveloped lands in Cambria County. It also embraces the Gallitzin Electric Light Company, the Gallitzin Water Company, the Hastings Electric Light and Water Companies, and four large stores operated by Cartright & Co. The consideration is $2,000,000.

The Webster Company is composed of Lehigh Valley capitalists, headed by T. H. Watkins. People claiming to be well informed say the deal is the nucleus of an extensive organization of which J. P. Morgan is the prime mover.

Children Got Rat Poison.

Joseph Eiseman, a blacksmith of Centreville, near Altoona, spread bread with "Rough on Rats" and distributed the pieces about the premises. He figured there would be no rats within half a mile next day. That night two physicians worked for hours to save the children of the blacksmith, who had found the bread in the back yard and had divided it equally. The children will live.

Potters Mills.

Misses May Smith and Rena Shires, two bright young ladies from Spring Mills, visited friends at this place several days.

Miss Mary Moyer, of Colyer, spent Sunday with her cousin, Ray Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Kuhn, of Boalsburg, visited their son over Sunday.

Miss Bertha Armstrong returned from Bellefonte, where she had been sewing for several weeks.

Harry Fishburn strikes his hammer harder than ever, and says this time it is a boy.

Mr. Stonebraker is on the sick list; Mr. Evans is improving; Mr. McClenahan is very poorly; Mrs. Alexander is also on the sick list.

Spring Mills and Centre Hall sports were pretty well represented in this town Saturday evening. Come again boys.

Miss Kline, of Earlystown, is teaching music in this place; we wish her success.

All the fishermen started bright and early for the streams on the morning of the 15th, each trying to catch the first trout. All had fairly good success.

Merchant Frank McCoy made a business trip to Bellefonte Tuesday; his father is in Philadelphia, where he shipped a car load of fine cattle.

Spring Mills.

J. B. Mayes, the marble king of Lemont, has been in this section taking orders for tombstones and monuments. Mr. Mayes defies competition in prices.

James Osman, the railroad section boss, has been suffering from a sprained back, not able to do much.

Liveryman George Mowery added another new horse to his stable. Mr. Mowery has as good a turn out as there is in the valley.

G. C. King the boss sawyer of Sugar Valley, spent Saturday in town shaking hands with his many friends.

John Crape spent several days with his mother, Mrs. Mary Crape. Mr Crape bought an outfit of furniture and moved to Madisonburg.

Ray Allison and Mrs. Braucht left for a visit of several days with Mr. Allison's parents, at Howard. Ray is employed as clerk in C. P. Long's store.

George Smull, the hustling insurance agent of Rebersburg, is seen in town frequently.

Subscribe for the Reporter and get the best county paper.

Shook brothers have commenced the wall for their new barn.

Floyd Bowersox is building a new end to his house, which will add greatly to his home.

John Zerby who was employed on the Culp lumber job for the past six months, is home and secured a job on the railroad as section hand.

Colyer.

Wm. C. Bunnel, of Milroy, in company with Miss May Getz, of Lemont, were guests at the home of J. H. Moyer one day last week.

Miss Jennie Bottorf, who has been keeping house for her brother Calvin during the past year, spent several weeks visiting among her many friends in this vicinity. She will now make her home with her sister, Mrs. Mary Ishler, at Tusseyville.

Harry Weaver, son of A. J. Weaver, is very sick with pneumonia; his many friends wish for his speedy recovery.

The auction of G. R. Meiss was well attended Saturday evening.

Michael Smith delivered a load of fine furniture for Smith Bro's., Spring Mills, at the residence of Wm. Philips Tuesday.

There is a great deal of sickness in this community.

The Easter entertainment in the Zion Evangelical church was a grand success in every respect, and the part most appreciated was the "mute song." June 30th Children's Day will be observed.

Mrs. J. H. Moyer and Mrs. Katie Reiber spent last Thursday at the homes of George Spangler and Wm. Bitner.

Mrs. Thomas Bartges and Miss Emma Swartz were callers at the home of 'Squire Housman Wednesday last.

Miss Blanche Housman entertained her lady friend, Miss Mazie Detwiler, and brother Perry, Saturday evening.

Centre Hill.

Mrs. D. Wagner Geiss, of Bellefonte, spent several days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Goodhart.

George W. Smith returned home last Friday, after having spent the last seven months at Martha, where he was engaged at teaching school.

Messrs. Wilber and Harry Burkholder made a business trip to Bellefonte Saturday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Searfoss, of York, Pa., is visiting her sister Mrs. Jonas Bible; she is accompanied by her charming little granddaughter, Miss Ethel Shedder.

The Potter township school directors had their final settlement with the teachers at this place Saturday last.

Miss Lola Strohm spent Sunday with her friend Miss Roxanna Brisbin at Centre Hall.

Mrs. Burkholder and daughter spent Monday afternoon at Potters Mills.

Linden Hall.

James Shreck, of Lemont, visited at this place Monday.

The schools of this place and vicinity closed last Tuesday.

Mrs. J. A. Long, of Centre Hall, spent several days with her sister, Mrs. Robert McClellan, on Green Bank Avenue recently.

George Meyer, of Centre Hall, was a familiar figure on the streets last week, having formerly been one of us.

John Raymond has been called home on account of the serious illness of his wife. Latest reports are that she is somewhat improved.

Prof. Irvin Zeigler spent several days in Altoona quite recently. Boys, get your tin pans and circular saws in tune.

John Durner and Daniel Bohn, of Braddock, Pa., arrived at this place Monday and expect to spend the hot summer months in this delightful country.

The writer wishes to correct an error in a recent communication. The new blacksmith, instead of being Mr. Shutt is Mr. Catherman, of near Centre Hill.

Prof. Bryson, principal of the Boalsburg schools, was at this place last Thursday in the interests of his Spring Normal at Boalsburg. The Prof. is an expert in the art of teaching and all persons who take advantage of this school will not have reasons to regret doing so.

Mr and Mrs. Michael Segner, of Boalsburg, spent Tuesday last with friends at this place.

William Worrel, who in former years was a citizen of this place, has again been in our midst for the last few weeks.

May-Day Fun.

If puzzled about how to amuse children and to dress and decorate them for a May-Day party, we advise our readers to get the May number of the Delineator, in which Lina Beard shows how a number of pretty, dainty and unusual decorations can be made by the children at home prior to the enjoyable day in the open air.

SEABOARD AIR LINE R. R.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway is called The Capital City Line, because it enters the Capitals of the six States which it traverses, exclusive of the National Capital, through which its trains run solid from New York to Jacksonville, and Tampa Florida. It runs through Richmond, Va., Raleigh, N. C., Columbia, S. C., Atlanta, Ga., Montgomery, Ala., and Tallahassee, Fla,

This road will continue to run the famous Florida and Metropolitan Limited, and The Florida and Atlanta Fast Mail Trains affording the only through limited service daily, including Sunday, between these points.

These splendidly modern trains of the Seaboard Air Line Railway arrive at, and depart from Pennsylvania Railway Stations at Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, carrying Pullman's most improved equipment, with unexcelled dinner car service, compartment, drawing-room and observation cars. It has Pullman service five times per week each way from Washington to that celebrated resort, Pinehurst, N. C.

It has the short line to and from Richmond, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Raleigh, Southern Pines, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and Atlanta, and the principal cities between the South and East. It is also the direct route to Athens, Augusta and Macon.

In Atlanta, direct connections are made in the Union Station for Chattanooga, Nashville and Memphis, also for New Orleans and all points in Texas, California and Mexico.

In addition, it is the only line operating through trains, and Pullman sleeping cars between Atlanta and Norfolk, where connections are made with the Old Dominion Steamship Company, from New York, the M. & M. T. Company, from Boston and Providence, the Norfolk & Washington Steamboat Company, from Washington the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, from Baltimore, and the N. Y. P. & N. Railway, from New York and Philadelphia.

Through Pullman cars also operated on quick schedules between Jacksonville and St. Louis, via Monticello, and between Jacksonville and New Orleans, in addition to through trains with Buffet Chair Cars between Savannah and Montgomery.

The local train service is first-class with most convenienc schedules.

In fact the Seaboard Air Line Railway will ticket passengers for any points, affording the quickest schedules, finest trains, and most comfortable service. Its 1000 mile books sold at $25.00, are good from Washington, D. C. over the entire system of 2 600 miles including Florida.

Girls Win a Strike.

The Shamokin silk mill which was idle six weeks, owing to the company refusing to allow the girls to work if they persisted in organizing a branch of the National Textile Association decided to recognize the union.

The world's supply of wool in 1900 is estimated at 2,025,900,000 pounds, the smallest since 1890.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD RATES TO Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces the following special reduced rates to Buffalo, on account of the Pan-American Exposition, which opens on May 1:—

Summer excursion tickets, to be sold from April 30 to September 30, inclusive, and good to return until October 31, at rate of $20 00 from Washington, $18.00 from Baltimore, $17.00 from Philadelphia, and proportionate rates from other points.

Ten-day excursion tickets, to be sold, beginning May 1, and continuing every day thereafter during the Exposition, good going on regular trains and good returning within ten days, including date of sale, at rate of $16 80 from Washington, $15 00 from Baltimore, $13.50 from Philadelphia, and proportionate rates from other points.

Special excursion tickets, to be sold, good going only on Thursday, May 23, and good returning within seven days, including date of sale, at rate of $10 00 from Philadelphia, and proportionate rates from other points.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company now operates two through trains each way daily between Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and Buffalo.

18apr2t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Jacob Barger, late of Gregg township, deceased having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. M. J. BARGER, Adm'r.
apr18-6t Beech, Pa.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room No. 268, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa., on Monday, May 6th, 1901 at 12:30 o'clock, p. m., for the election of President and six Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
apr11-3t JAMES R. McCLURE Secretary

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Franklin Wright, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
mar 21-6t J. S. HOUSMAN, Colyer, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Mary Wright, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. J. S. HOUSMAN, Colyer, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of A. E Meyer, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. EDWARD SELLERS, Adm'r.
mar7-6t Centre Hall, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers her house and lot located on Main street, Centre Hall, for sale. The dwelling is in first class condition, both exterior and interior, and is well located, affording a pleasant view All the necessary outbuildings, including ice house are also in good condition. The stable is large and has connected with it a large shed under which buggies, etc., may be driven. There also lies contiguous to the lot five acres of cleared and about the same amount of wood land Part of the cleared land is set with the choicest fruit trees, which are thrifty; many are in bearing. On the wood land there is a fine ice pond Taking all in all, the home is one of the most desirable in Centre Hall. The property will be sold at a very reasonable figure.
MRS. LIZZIE M. JACOBS.
4apr6t Centre Hall, Pa.

REGISTER'S NOTICE—The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed of record in the Register's Office for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in anywise interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Centre county for confirmation on Wednesday, the 24th day of April, A. D., 1901:

No. 1. The second and final account of Deborah E. Valentine and George Valentine, Jr., administrators of the estate of Jacob D. Valentine, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

No. 2. The first and final account of John P. Harris, executor of the last will and testament of M. W. Petrikin, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

No. 3. The first and final account of Henry Brockerhof, executor of the last will and testament of Margaret Campbell, late of the borough of Bellefonte, deceased.

No. 4. The account of the Fidelity Insurance, Trust & Safe Deposit Company, trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county for the Rev. Charles R. Hale, under the will of Sarah J. Hale, deceased.

No. 5. The final account of Samuel B. Parker, administrator of, &c of the estate of David H. Parker, late of Philipsburg borough, deceased.

No. 6. The first and final account of A nie S. Riddle administratrix of, &c., of Matthew F. Riddle, late of Spring township, deceased

No. 7 The account of C. A. Weaver, administrator of, &c., of Adam Stover, late of Haines township, deceased.

No. 8. The first and final account of James McKinley, administrator of, &c., of Hannah McKinley late of Boggs township, deceased.

No. 9. The account of J. F. Uzzell, executor of, &c , of Jane Uzzell, late of Snow Shoe township deceased.

No. 10 The sixth account of James P. Coburn, executor of, &c , of samuel Huston, late of Potter township, deceased.

No. 11. The second and final account of M. S. Fiedler and John J Fiedler, executors of, &c., of Henry Fiedler late of Millheim borough, deceased.

No 12 The first and final account of Harry E. McCliney, administrator of &c., of Angeline Curtin, late of Boggs township, deceased.

No. 13. The first and final account of D. L. Zerby, executor of the last will and testament of A. Mary Keen, late of Millheim borough, deceased.

No. 14. The second and partial account of Theodore McMullen, surviving executor of Ambrose McMullen, late of Walker township, deceased.

No 15. The second partial account of J. M. Heckman and William G. B Heckman administrators of, &c., of J. B. Heckman, late of Gregg township, deceased.

No. 16. The first and partial account of Adam Y. Wagner and Elds L. Orvis, executors of the last will and testament of John Wagner late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

No. 17. The first and partial account of W. G. Vonada and B. F. Vonada, executors of, &c., of Adam Vonada, late of Walker township, deceased.

No. 18. The account of James M Lucas, executor of the last will and testament of Mary M. Hall, late of Milesburg borough, deceased.

No. 19. The third and final account of George M Boal, surviving administrator of, &c., of W. W. Love, late of Potter township, deceased.

No. 20. The first and final account of H. Y. Stitzer, guardian of Nellie K. Riddle, a minor child of Matthew M. Riddle, late of Boggs township, deceased.

No. 21. The account of J. Henry Rider, executor of, &c. of Abner Rider, late of Benner township, deceased.

No. 22. The eighth (8) annual statement of John P Harris trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county under the last will and testament of William A. Thomas, late of the borough of Bellefonte, deceased, being the thirty-fourth (34) annual statement of said trust

No. 23. The third and final account of Wm. P. Duncan and Robert L. Scott, administrators of, &c., of the estate of O. Perry Jones, late of Philipsburg borough, deceased.

No. 24. The first and final account of Joseph A. Fletcher, administrator of, &c., of Anna J. Peters, late of Howard township, deceased.

A. G. ARCHEY,
Register

Summer Normal.

A Summer Normal and Academic term will open Monday, April 15th, at Boalsburg and continue for eight weeks. Teachers, preparatory students for college, and others, will find the course adapted to their respective needs. JAS. C. BRYSON,
apr15 Principal.

A Testimonial from Old England.

"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years, being most of the time confined to her bed. She is now quite well." Sold by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Arsenic in a Family Reunion Feast.

The Witt family reunion this year converted the residence of Henry Witt, at Altoona, into a hospital. A lot of little Witts went fishing and caught a string of suckers. The fish were fried, and everybody partook of some sucker. Within an hour the whole crowd was sick. When the physician arrived he administered antidotes for arsenic poisoning, and, after working all night, declared everybody out of danger. How the arsenic got into the flour in which the fish were rolled before cooking is a mystery.

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	65
Rye	40
Corn	45
New Oats	30
Barley	49

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	18
Eggs	10
Lard	8
Potatoes	45
Side Meat	07
Shoulder	8
Ham	12

SPRING MILLS GRAIN MARKET.

Corrected every Wednesday by Allison Bros.

Wheat	68
Corn	45
Oats	39
Rye	40
Barley	18

LINDEN HALL MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. H. Ross.

Wheat, red	70
Wheat, white	70
Corn ears	45
Shelled Corn	50
Rye	40
Oats, new	25
Barley	30
New Potatoes	40
Eggs	10
Butter	16

SPRING MILLS—O. T. CORMAN.

(In exchange for goods. Cash also paid.)

Eggs	12	Side	7
Butter	16	Tallow	3
Lard	8	Hides	5
Chickens	7	Apples	55
Pork	6½	Dried Apples	4½
Beef	6	Potatoes	42
Ham	12	Onion sets	5
Shoulder	8	Large Onions	60

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts
Sold by J. F. Smith, Centre Hall; F. E. Wieland Linden Hall; G. H. Long, Spring Mills.

W. A. SANDOE, AUCTIONEER, Centre Hall, Pa.

Is open for engagements at all times. The best prices can be obtained only when the best auctioneers are employed. Twenty years' experience in the business. Terms reasonable.

WANTS.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents are wanted in every town in Centre county to sell "The Church Member," by S. H. Deitzel, Ph. D., the author, Cavetown, Md. The book is dedicated to Rev. W. H. Groh, formerly of Boalsburg, and will find ready sale. Price fifty cents

YOUNG MEN WANTED, WITH FAIR EDUcation and good character, to learn Telegraphy, Railroad Accounting, and Type writing. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalog. Fall term opens August 15th.
GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE,
266m Lexington, Ky.

WANTED, AGENTS.

To sell our Teas, Coffees, Spices and Baking Powder to consumers. Liberal commission paid. Address, GRAND UNION TEA CO.,
j14 35 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

H. E. SHRECKENGOST,
Farmers Mills, Pa.
AUCTIONEER AND CARPENTER.

I am open for engagements in either of these occupations. My experience in both should be a sufficient guarantee for satisfaction and good work. Terms are moderate. Give me a trial.
mar 21-1 yr

J. S. MEYER, Penn Hall, Pa.,
breeder and shipper of
Barred and Buff Plymouth Rock, S. S. Hamburgs and S. C. and W. B. Leghorns.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—Orders for eggs will be filled with fresh, fertile eggs, and from the same yards that I breed from for my own use All eggs will be packed for shipping in light baskets, to carry any distance in safety.
PRICE OF EGGS—$1 for 15; $1 75 for 30; $2.70 for 45.
PRICE OF STOCK. Single stock birds from $1 to $1; Pairs, $2 to $3.75; Trios, $2.75 to $4.
Send all money for stock and eggs with your order, either by Post Office or Express Money Order Be sure to write both your name and address plainly on all orders.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect March 18, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.32 a. m.—Train 61. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 a. m., New York 2.13 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.27 a. m.—Train 30 Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.25 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 5.25 p m., New York 9.20 p. m., Baltimore, 6.09 p. m Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

5.01 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p m., New York 3.55 a. m., Baltimore 2.45 p.m. Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.11 p m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.13 a m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.28 a. m.—Train 4 daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 a. m., New York 9.33 a. m., (10.38 a. m Sundays,) Baltimore 7.20 a. m., Washington 8.40 a. m Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.33 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleepers to Rochester

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

6.15 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

8.57 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations

9.10 p. m.—Train 9 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 31 leaves New York 12.10 night, Philadelphia 4.25 a m, Baltimore 4.50 a m, Harrisburg 7.55 a m, daily, Wilkesbarre, 7.30 a. m. Week-days arriving at Montandon 10 00 a m.

Train 61 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a m, Washington 7.50 a m, Baltimore 8.40 a m, Wilkesbarre 10 55 a m, week days, arriving at Montandon 1.31 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 11 leaves New York 1.25 a m, Phila., 12.25 p m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 11.45 a m, Wilkesbarre 3.35 p m, arriving at Montandon at 6.02 p m, week days, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore.

Train 67 leaves New York 1.55 p. m. Philadelphia 4.26 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Baltimore 4.35 p m daily, Wilkesbarre, 6.50 p m, (week days) arriving at Montandon 8.57 p m. Through Parlor Car from Philadelphia, and passenger coach from Philadelphia and Washington.

Train 3 leaves New York at 7.55 p m, Philadelphia 11.20 p m, Washington 10.40 p m, Baltimore, 11.41 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 5.33 a m, with through Pullman sleeping car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 921, Sunday only, leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.35 p m, Washington 3.30 p. m, Baltimore 4.35 p. m., arriving at Montandon 9.10 p m.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days.

Westward. P M	Westward. A M	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	Eastward. P M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	5 50	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 53	6 08	Biehl	8 58	4 39
1 57	6 12	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 02	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.18 a. m., 9.45 a m, 1.15 5.50 and 8.00 p. m. returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.35, 9.30 a. m, 10.03 a. m. 5.05, 6.08 p m, and 8 15 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a m and 5.02 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9 30 a m., 10.03 a.m. and 5.04 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. S. WOOD
General Manager. Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down No. 1	No 3	No 5	Nov. 21, 1900.	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m	a. m.
†7 10	†2 40	†6 30	..BELLEFONTE..	9 02	5 10	9 40
7 22	2 52	6 42	.....Nigh.....	8 49	4 57	9 27
7 28	2 58	6 48	.....Zion.....	8 43	4 51	9 21
7 33	3 03	6 53	...Hecla Park...	8 38	4 46	9 16
7 35	3 05	6 55	.....Dunkles.....	8 33	4 44	9 14
7 39	3 09	6 59	..HUBLERSBG..	8 32	4 40	9 10
7 43	3 13	7 03	....Snydertown....	8 28	4 36	9 06
7 46	3 16	7 06	....Nittany.....	8 25	4 33	9 03
7 48	3 18	7 09	.....Huston.....	8 22	4 30	9 00
7 51	3 21	7 12	.....LAMAR.....	8 19	4 27	8 57
7 53	3 23	7 15	....Clintondale...	8 16	4 24	8 54
7 57	3 27	7 19	..Kryder's Sta'g..	8 12	4 19	8 49
8 02	3 32	7 24	....Mackeyville....	8 06	4 13	8 43
8 08	3 38	7 30	..Cedar Springs..	7 59	4 07	8 37
8 10	3 40	7 32	.....Salona.....	7 57	4 05	8 35
8 15	3 45	7 37	MILL HALL..	†7 52	†4 00	†8 30
11 45	8 10		.....Jersey Shore.....	3 25		7 55
12 20	8 45		Arr. } Wm'PORT { Lve	†2 50		†7 21
†12 34	*11 30		Lve } Arr.	2 30		*6 55
8 29	7 02		..... PHILA.....	†8 36		*11 36
			.....Atlantic City.....			
			.....NEW YORK..... (Via Tamequa.)			
*10 40	†9 30		.....NEW YORK..... (Via Phila.)	†4 30		†9 00
p. m	a. m.		Arr Lve.	a. m.		p. m.

*Daily. †Week Days. ‡6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡10 10 a. m. Sunday

Philadelphia Sleeping Cars attached to Eastbound train from Williamsport at 11 30 p m. and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.36 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12¦	8¦	2¦	STATIONS.	WESTWARD 12¦	7¦	11¦
PM	PM	AM	Ar, Lv.	A M	AM	PM
6 30	1 10	8 45	.....Bellefonte.....	6 30	10 30	4 23
6 20	1 02	8 40	.....Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	..... Morris.....	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35	.....Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	.....Brialy.....	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	.....Waddle.....	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	....Scotia Crossing....	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07	.....Krumrine.....	7 17	11 20	5 08
5 33	12 24	8 04	.....Struble.....	7 20	11 24	5 00
5 31	12 22	8 02	.....Inn.....	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00	.....State College.....	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penns. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Letter and note heads, bill heads, statements, with all lines of office stationery, neatly and cheaply done at the Reporter printing house.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
April 18, 1901.

Public Sale Register.

MAY 4—At the late residence of David Shaffer, dec'd., Madisonburg; household goods carpenter tools, potatoes, corn, etc Also a house and lot in Madisonburg, and seven acres of timber land. Sale at one o'clock.

If troubled by a weak digestion, loss of appetite, or constipation, try a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box warranted. For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

The Days are Lengthening.

The days are now two hours longer than they were when at their shortest in December. They will lengthen quite rapidly from this time forward until the 21st of June, when they will be again at their greatest length for the year.

The Best Blood Purifier.

The blood is constantly being purified by the lungs, liver and kidneys. Keep these organs in a healthy condition and the bowels regular and you will have no need of a blood purifier. For this purpose there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, one dose of them will do you more good than a dollar bottle of the best blood purifier. Price 25 cents. Samples free at Mrs. J. W. Keller's Linden Hall, and J. F. Smith's, Centre Hall.

To Odd Fellows.

The Odd Fellows, of Buffalo, are sending circular letters to their brother Odd Fellows in this city and elsewhere, giving notice that they have opened an Odd Fellows headquarters at 213 Ellicott square. In these rooms will be kept registry books and competent parties will be in charge to give, free of cost, reliable information concerning anything which the visitor may want to know. All Odd Fellows visiting the exposition are urged to go to the headquarters.

Improving Old Homestead.

Theodore Boal, wife and children and the former's mother are expected east from Denver, Colorado, this week. Mr. Boal, a little more than a year ago, purchased the Judge Boal farm, near Boalsburg, and spends much of his time with his family at that place. The old Boal property has been much improved—both in the interior and on the exterior. During the coming summer a handsome barn, the foundations of which have already been begun, will be erected. Mr. Boal is an architect, who with his wife, of French descent, and the senior Mrs. Boal and grand children, comprise a little family of whom Boalsburg residents refer to with the highest satisfaction.

Asked Mercy for Their Assailant.

James Barnett, of Cove, Perry County, who fired into a party of Harrisburg High School boys and girls last Summer and wounded six, was convicted and fined $5 and costs. The costs amount to $300. The scholars who were wounded asked for mercy.

A Busy Class.

A busy class of people are farmers these bright, lovely spring days. They are plowing and working cheerily; they will sow in hope and await the workings of Providence to return to them a harvest—plentiful, bountiful. This blessing of Providence usually follows where man has put forth his best efforts; the slothful tiller of the soil may look for a profitable harvest, but seldom receives one.

Caught a Dreadful Cold.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Business Stand for Sale.

W. W. [illegible] Centre Hall, offers for sale his private residence, business place, and established retail carriage and wagon hardware trade. This is a first-class stand for any one wanting to carry a general line of hardware in addition to the above. The established trade in bicycles, plumbing supplies, etc., will be included in the deal. The location is the best to be had in the town. Satisfactory reason will be given for selling. This will be a good opportunity for a hustler who will act quick.

A False Report.

A report has been widely circulated that the undersigned is selling wall paper below cost. This statement is absurd and of course not correct, but having been actively engaged in the wall paper business for over thirty years, I flatter myself that I thoroughly understand the business and know exactly when and how to buy wall paper, which fact enables me to defy all competition, and to sell at prices lower than can be bought elsewhere. Please call, examine my stock and be convinced. GEO. W. DUNKLE,
aprl1-3t Spring Mills, Pa.

The Best Remedy for Rheumatism.

QUICK RELIEF FROM PAIN.

All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords. When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks, of Troy, Ohio, says: "Some time ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. Geo. F. Parsons & Co., druggists of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this liniment to many of my friends, who agree with me that it is the best remedy for muscular rheumatism in the market." For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Normal Music School.

The Centre Hall Normal Music School will open its spring sessions April 29, and continue for six weeks. For further information write to C. E Zeigler, Director, Penn Hall, Pa.

5¢ WILL BUY A PATHFINDER CIGAR

ASK THE MAN BEHIND THE CASE

W. K. GRESH & SONS
MAKERS

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C

Here we are again with a full line of Spring goods. A full line of

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES, LAWNS
AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

HATS, CAPS, ETC.

In fact we have everything you can usually find in a country store.

We also sell Scull's Golden Blend Coffee at 2 lbs. for 25 cents.

H. F. ROSSMAN,

Spring Mills, . . . Pa

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THE BRITISH RUSH A BOER LAAGER.

Six Killed, Ten Wounded and Many Others Captured.

ONLY THREE BRITISHERS WOUNDED.

A Little Sensation Caused in London by a Rumor That General French, With Five Hundred British Troops, Had Been Captured While His Force Was Enveloped in a Mist on the Hills.

London (By Cable).—The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, April 15:

"Colonel Sir Henry Rawlinson's column rushed the South Laager, northwest of Klerksdorp, at daylight. Six Boers were killed, 10 wounded and 23 taken prisoners. He captured a 12-pounder, one pompom complete, and two ammunition wagons with ammunition.

"Our casualties were three wounded.

"Colonel Plumer captured a field cornet and seven men, with ten wagons and eighteen rifles.

"During Colonel Pilcher's operations in Orange River Colony seven Boers were killed."

It is said that a private telegram has been received here to the effect that General French with 500 British troops has been captured by the Boers while his force was enveloped in a mist on the hills. No confirmation of the report can be obtained, but the rumor caused a sensation for a time.

The War Office knows nothing about the rumored capture and entirely discredits the report.

The British newspapers and magazines, commenting upon the alternating periods of hope and apprehension which characterize the later stages of the South African campaign, compare these with the later stages of the American War of Independence, as though to emphasize these fluctuations.

While the letters of responsible correspondents in Pretoria depict the situation in a rather despairing mood, the Pretoria representative of the Daily Mail sends a dispatch of the most hopeful character.

"The next six weeks," he says, "will see a resumption of active campaigning. Lord Kitchener will renew his sweeping movements. He has an army of 250,000 efficient troops, including 60,000 mounted men, with a good supply of horses, 40,000 having been secured in Cape Colony alone."

MRS. NATION HEAVILY FINED.

The Sentence Suspended While She Stays Out of Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo. (Special.)—Mrs. Carrie Nation, who was arrested Sunday charged with obstructing the street, was arraigned before Police Judge McAuley, fined $500 and given until 6 o'clock to leave the city.

The Judge told Mrs. Nation that if she was found in the city after that hour she would be arrested and put in jail. She agreed to leave town and 15 minutes later boarded a street car for Kansas City, Kan.

Mrs. Nation appeared in court early accompanied by her brother and a woman friend. The courtroom was literally jammed by a curious crowd. Several cases were called before Mrs. Nation's and she watched the proceedings with manifest impatience. When Judge McAuley finally asked Mrs. Nation what she had to say to the charges she delivered a tirade against police and court.

Judge McAuley then gave his decision and warned Mrs. Nation not to come to this city again. The fine was suspended. It will be held over Mrs. Nation in case she should return, and until she is released from the court's order she is practically barred from visiting Kansas City.

Mrs. Nation pleaded that she wished to go to Liberty, Mo., within a few days and asked if she would be permitted to pass through Kansas City enroute. Judge McAuley answered in the affirmative, but warned Mrs. Nation not to stop off here.

Student Has Bubonic Plague.

Chicago (Special).—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Ann Arbor, Mich., says: "Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, dean of the medical department and one of the most noted bacteriologists in the country, appeared before the State Board of Health yesterday and practically acknowledged that the case of Student Charles B. Hare is one of bubonic plague. He assured the board that there would be no spread of the disease, as all precautions had been taken to prevent it, and the student will recover."

Man Killed by Knock-Out Drops.

St. Louis, Mo. (Special).—John P. Smith, former mayor of Fort Worth, Texas, died in this city, the victim of knockout drops, administered late Friday night or early on Saturday morning in a saloon near Union Station. Mr. Smith was taken from the Planter's Hotel to St. Mary's Infirmary on Sunday in an unconscious condition, and he never regained consciousness. His daughter Florence and son, James Young, arrived from Texas on Sunday. The body has been shipped to Fort Worth.

Prof. Rowland Dead.

Baltimore, Md. (Special). — Prof. Henry A. Rowland, the world-famous professor of physics at the Johns Hopkins University, died unexpectedly at his home, 915 Cathedral street. Dr. Rowland had been in poor health all the winter and within the past few days his symptoms had become somewhat alarming, but this was not publicly known, and his death, unexpected even to his friends, will shock not only this community, but the great world of science everywhere. Professor Rowland left a widow and two children.

King's Gift to McKinley.

Washington (Special.) — Mr. Grip, Minister of Sweden and Norway, had an audience with the President to present Count Wachtmeister, the head of the celebrated Swedish family of that name. Count Wachtmeister was commissioned by King Oscar II as the bearer of a fine photograph of His Majesty to President McKinley. The King's autograph is on the photograph. The presentation was made by Count Wachtmeister, who spoke of King Oscar's great esteem and high opinion of the Chief Executive of the United States.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic.

A general jail delivery occurred at Georgetown, Del., from the Sussex county prison. Nine of the prisoners, all of whom were awaiting trial, made their escape by sawing the bars of their windows and making ropes out of their bed clothing.

Half of the employees of the W. Dewees Wood plant of the big steel combine, at McKeesport, went on a strike. It may be the beginning of a fight between the Amalgamated Association and the United States Steel Corporation.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania decided that members of the American Federation of Labor had no right to entice a glass manufacturer's apprentices to join the union.

The transport Thomas arrived at San Francisco with officers and men of the Thirty-fifth and Twenty-eighth Volunteer Regiments.

The Shamokin Silk Mill Company, in Shamokin, Pa., started up, the girl strikers being told that their union would be recognized.

Gen. A. C. McClurg, head of the publishing house of A. C. McClurg & Co., of Chicago, died at St. Augustine, Florida.

Forty bars of silver bullion, valued at $1200, were stolen from the steamer Lide, while lying off Newark, N. J.

Evidence was taken in New York in the case of Miss Lena Manchester, of Cincinnati, who charges that she was the victim of a bogus marriage, E. M. Bonner having brought her from Cincinnati to be married.

Solomon Hotema and Sam Frye, Choctaws, who were on trial in Texas for killing a number of alleged witches, were acquitted on the ground of insanity.

Charles Henry, 14 years of age, accidently shot and killed William Myers, Jr., while playing at the former's home, near Martinsburg, W. Va.

The new hosptial at the University of Virginia was inaugurated, the anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson being celebrated at the same time.

A firm of accountants engaged by the Merchants' Club of Chicago to investigate the accounting methods of the city of Chicago, in a report to the club state that taxes to the amount of $500,000 a year for the past decade have been released as loss and deficiency; that clerical errors, such as posting hundreds of thousands of dollars, have remained uncorrected, and that books of record have been destroyed.

At the trial of a Chinaman for the murder of another Chinaman in New York, next week, the District Attorney expects to show that an association of "highbinders" exists in Chinatown.

The United States Court in New Orleans the United States Court dismissed the suit brought by Boer representaives to prevent the shipment of mules and horses for British use in the Transvaal.

The Rockingham Co.(Va.) Democratic Convention nominated State Senator George B. Keezewell and Talfourd N. Haas for the Constitutional Convention.

Mrs. Rachel Frye, whose mind was unbalanced by long sickness, drowned herself in a mill dam near her home, in Wardensville, Va.

The Jersey Central Railroad officials came to an agreement with its engineers and firemen, and their wages will be increased.

Nearly forty cotton mills in the Fall River district will shut down temporarily, throwing 17,000 operatives out of work.

A hundred and fifty newly enlisted men in the Fourteenth United States Cavalry deserted at Leavenworth, Kan.

Foreign.

It was reported in London that a private telegram had been received to the effect that General French, with 500 troops, had been captured by the Boers, but the British War Office discredited the rumor. General Kitchener reports that Colonel Rawlinson's column rushed the Boers near Klerksdorp. Six were killed, 10 wounded and 23 taken prisoners.

Archbishop Martinelli, papal delegate to the United States, was preconized as a cardinal at the consistory in Rome and 11 other cardinals were also created. The Pope, in an address at the consistory, deplored the revival in several parts of Europe of hostilities against the Church and of the law against religious associations in France.

The Italian Consul General at Zanzibar visited the Somali coast to break up trade in contraband. He had the palace of the Sultan bombarded and the Sultan's son and quantities of arms were captured.

At a big meeting held in Sofia, resolutions were adopted protesting against the arrest of the members of the Macedonian committee and condemning the attitude of Russia.

Li Hung Chang has asked General Chaffee to leave a sufficient number of American troops to police the Chinese city.

General Gras, inventor of a rifle, died at Auxerre, France.

Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany, arrived in Vienna and was welcomed by Emperor Francis Joseph and the Austrian archdukes.

From British sources comes a report that President Steyn has broken down and that he has advised the Boers to surrender.

Prince Ching declares that the missionary statements regarding a rebellion in Mongolia are not supported by the facts.

Emilia Kempin, a leader of the woman's movement in Germany, died in an insane asylum.

There have been 392 cases of bubonic plague in Cape Town, 153 of which have proved fatal.

Sir Edward William Watkins, a noted English railroad man, is dead.

Chief of Staff Surgeon Schimmel was convicted of freeing, for a financial consideration, the sons of wealthy families from service in the German army. Other parties will be prosecuted on similar charges.

Financial.

It is said $61,000 is bid for New York Stock Exchange seats.

A seat on the New York Stock Exchange sold for $59,000.

Bank clearings reached the enormous total last week of $2,776,000,000.

The English Government was a borrower at the Bank of England last week.

Local indebtedness in England has increased £77,000,000 or 39 per cent. recently.

In the first week of April forty-three railroads increased gross earnings 5.35 per cent.

THE SCANDALS IN THE COMMISSARY.

Disclosures Made at the Trial of Sergeant Memson.

TREACHERY OF A NATIVE GUIDE.

Testimony that Quantities of Flour Were Taken From a Government Storehouse in Manila and Sold by Three Commissary Sergeants and Others, Who Divided the Proceeds--Business Men Involved.

Manila (By Cable).—The trial of Commissary Sergeant John Meston, charged with complicity in the commissary frauds, is finished. No verdict was announced and Meston's conviction is uncertain. Other trials of those implicated will follow.

Capt. James C. Read, formerly depot commissary at Manila, has been arrested.

It is alleged that entries upon the books of Evans & Co., government contractors, indicate that the commissary officers received the following sums: Major George B. Davies, upward of $1000; Capt. James C. Read, $1000; Capt. Frank H. Lawton, $750; and Mr. B. Tremaine, Colonel Woodruff's chief clerk, $700.

It also appears that Evans & Co. furnished the handsome residence of Colonel Woodruff. Harold M. Pitt, manager of Evans & Co., who is now under arrest, was notoriously lavish in entertaining commissary and other officers, while the depot commissary, a frequenter of the "Tenderloin district," occasionally spent days at Pitt's house in questionable society. Pitt's house is a bacchanalian rendezvous, and prominent officers frequently visited it, drinking champagne and playing poker. Women of doubtful reputation have often been known to be there. It is alleged that Pitt had the inside track in securing government contracts, and it is also asserted that he was the prime mover in the scheme to re-establish cockpits in Manila, Mrs. Lara being subsidized in securing a cockpit.

It is asserted that the commissary department made unauthoritzed purchases of quantities of champagne. Pitt sold some. In addition to what the transports brought, the commissary imported 200 gallons in February and a like amount in March. The commissary and the commissary sergeant kept private carriages and indulged in other extravagances.

By the treachery of a native guide Lieutenant Mills, of Company G, of the Forty-third Volunteer Infantry, was almost entrapped while pursuing insurgents in the interior of the Island of Leyte. After a sharp skirmish the attacking insurgents were defeated. Surgeon Lewis Thompson and Private Prosset were severely wounded.

At Silang, in Cavite Province, the insurgents have surrendered several Nordenfeldts.

AMERICAN BOER PRISONER.

Randolph Martinsen Among the Boer Captives at Lisbon.

Paris (By Cable.—"Among the Boer prisoners who recently arrived in Lisbon from Lorenzo Marquez," says a special dispatch from the Portuguese capital, "was a young American, Randolph Martinsen, who described himself as a son of the president of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad. He was captured by the British, but released as an American on promising not to fight again. Subsequently he was arrested in Lorenzo Marquez at the request of the British authorities under suspicion of being a Boer agent.

"Mr. Martinsen, on being brought here, secured his release through the American Charge d'Affaires, and his father sent him money to pay his passage home. According to his representations he was aide-de-camp to Colonel John Blake, commander of the Irish Brigade."

BANK SWINDLER'S RUSE.

He Made a Rich Haul in Toronto by Raising Checks.

Toronto, Ont. (Special.—A clever bank swindler made a rich haul in Toronto Saturday, the total amount of which will not be known until the tellers and ledger keepers in various banks check up business. A stranger asserting that he lived in Halifax opened an account in the Imperial Bank Saturday morning, depositing $50. Shortly afterward he presented a check for $20, which was marked by the ledger keeper. Shortly before 1 o'clock, during the rush preceding the close, this check, raised to $2455, was presented to the teller and cashed.

The same procedure was adopted at the Bank of Commerce, where a check raised from $20 to $2900 was cashed. It is believed several other banks were similarly victimized.

Tax Unconstitutional.

Washington (Special).—In the United States Supreme Court an opinion was handed down in the case of Fairbanks vs. the United States. The case involved the constitutionality of the war-revenue law imposing a tax upon export bills of lading. The Court decided against the government, holding that provision of the law unconstitutional. The opinion was handed down by Justice Brewer, and Justices Harlan, Gray, White and McKenna dissented.

Boy Killed While at Play.

Martinsburg, Va. (Special).—The 10-year-old son of William H. Myers, living near Van Clevesville, five miles from this place, was shot and instantly killed by his cousin, Harry Henry, aged about 15 years, with a shot gun with which the boys were playing. This was the only living child Mr. Myers had, two others having died with diphtheria in one day about a month ago.

Steel Trust to Build Big Plant.

Conneaut, Ohio (Special.)—The attorney for the United States Steel Corporation here said that the big steel company will build a plant in the square mile of land adjoining the State line and lying in Pennsylvania.

Overdose of Morphine Causes Death.

Huntington, W. Va. (Special).—Dr. Charles Kelley Gardner, one of the oldest physicians in this city, died Sunday, the result of an overdose of morphine, taken, it is believed, with suicidal intent. He was prominently known throughout Northern West Virginia.

A BIG FIGHT FOR FORTUNE.

Estate of the Late Senator McPherson Involved --$5,000,000 Contest.

Jersey City, N. J. (Special).—A fight has been begun for the $5,000,000 estate of the late Senator John R. McPherson, of New Jersey. Mrs. McPherson, who died last month, left the estate in trust for her only daughter, whose elopement and marriage to Dr. Muir created a sensation.

According to the terms of the will Mrs. Muir was to have the income of the estate during her life, after which the income was to revert to Aaron S. Baldwin, the executor. At his death $50,000 was to be given Christ Hospital, this city; $10,000 to the Emergency Hospital, Washington, D. C., and the residue to Yale University for the education and support of poor students.

The daughter, Mrs. Muir, arrived from Europe on Thursday and, with her husband, she at once called upon counsel and instructed him to file an appeal from the probate of the will. The appeal as filed will permit almost any kind of testimony to set the document aside, such as undue influence, lack of testamentary capacity, and similar grounds. The fact that the will was drawn up and signed only the day before Mrs. McPherson died, and whilst her only child (Mrs. Muir) was in Europe with the Hoboken physician with whom she eloped, will also be one of the points in the effort to set aside the will.

FOUR PEOPLE STRUCK BY EXPRESS.

Three Killed and One Slightly Hurt, Two Women Hurled Great Distance.

Wilkesbarre, Pa. (Special).—A party of four people, while crossing the tracks of the Lehigh Valley railroad, at South Wilkesbarre, were run down by the Buffalo express going north. Three of the party were killed and one injured. The dead are: Morris O'Connell, aged 41; Mrs. Morris O'Connell, aged 39; Mrs. Frank Cranmer, aged 40. Injured: Frank Cranmer. O'Connell and his wife were entertaining the Cranmer couple, whose home is in Bradford county. During the evening they visited relatives in this city, and at 1.30 started to return to the home of the O'Connells. When they reached the crossing at South Wilkesbarre a freight train was blockading it.

As soon as the freight train moved out the party started to cross the tracks, but did not notice the approach of the passenger train from an opposite direction. The engineer of the express failed to see the people on the track until the locomotive had plowed into them. The two women were hurled a great distance in the air, and when picked up were dead. Both bodies were badly mangled. Mr. O'Connell had both legs and one arm broken. He was taken to a hospital, where he died in a short time.

Mr. Cranmer was able to step back from the track before being struck with full force and escaped with slight injuries.

Disaster at Cripple Creek.

Cripple Creek, Col. (Special).—An electric car on the high line of the Cripple Creek district railway jumped the track and completely turned over at the terminal station, corner of Second and Myers avenues, injuring the motorman and ten of the twenty passengers. The car was running 20 miles an hour when it struck the curve, which is very sharp at the point where the wreck occurred.

Boy Saves Many From Death.

Frankfort, Ind. (Special). — Milo Hughes, aged 8 years, saved a Monon freight train from a wreck. The boy lives near the railroad four miles north of here, and while at the creek discovered the bridge in flames. He knew the southbound fast freight was due, and, running up the track he met it and by waving his hat succeeded in stopping the train. The trainmen took the little fellow in their arms and hugged him.

George Q. Cannon Dead.

Monterey, Cal. (Special). — Apostle George Q. Cannon, of the Mormon Church, died here after a brief illness. The body was taken to San Francisco for embalming, after which it will be taken to Salt Lake City.

George Q. Cannon was 74 years old. He was a native of Manxland and had been one of the leaders in the Mormon propaganda, doing as much as any other one member, perhaps, in promoting the cause of the Church.

Court of Arbitration.

The Hague (By Cable).—Dr. W. H. De Beaufort, president of the administrative council of the permanent court of arbitration, has notified all the powers concerned that the court is now constituted. This notification is intended to take the place of a formal installation. The court has not yet been signed by China, Luxemburg, Mexico or Turkey.

Colonel Musick Dead.

Omaha, Neb. (Special).—Colonel John R. Musick, author, journalist and politician, died of heart failure at his apartments in this city. Injuries received while rescuing the injured after a cyclone at Kirksville, Mo., were causes which led to his death. Colonel Musick devoted a great part of his life to writing historical stories for young people.

Industrial Depression Abroad.

Berlin (By Cable).—It is stated that the Krupps are about to discharge 5000 hands from their Essen, Buckow and Kiel works. They have already dismissed 4000 since October. The industrial depression continues. According to a recent estimate one-fourth of the workers in Berlin are very insufficiently employed or totally idle.

Victim of Kentucky Feud.

Sneedsville, Tenn. (Special).—Even Bledsaw, a feudist, was found dead, sitting upright against a tree, grasping his rifle tightly. It is believed he had been decoyed to the desolate spot in hope of capturing the man who killed his father, several years.

Plot to Kidnap Three Boys.

Cleveland, Ohio (Special).—It developed here that a plot was recently on foot to kidnap the sons of two wealthy East End residents. Letters of a threatening nature have been received by the families of the boys, and every effort is being made to guard them from harm. Two of the boys, Cyrus and David Ford, are sons of H. Clark Ford, a lawyer and real estate man, and the third boy is the 10-year-old son of B. F. Whitman. Mr. Whitman is treasurer of the East End Banking and Trust Company. Both families are wealthy.

THE POWERS ASK HUGE INDEMNITY.

Russia Demands Right to Deal Independently Regarding Manchuria.

JAPAN'S CLAIM VERY MODERATE.

Germany Wants Less Than Russia, Whose Claim is $90,000,000 -- The Total Will Be Far in Excess of the Amount Which China is Able to Pay--Russia Has Stated that She Had No Idea of Annexing Manchuria.

Washington (Special).—The efforts of the State Department, through Special Commissioner Rockhill, to keep down the total of the indemnity demanded on China to a sum not to exceed $200,000,000 have so far proved a failure, and there is little prospect of success.

The British Government is in entire harmony with the United States in this matter and has agreed to take a sum somewhat lower than that of the United States, which is approximately $25,000,000, though our Government is willing to reduce its claim if others will do the same. The British Government, like that of the United States, prefers commercial privileges to money demands which China cannot meet.

The heaviest claim for indemnity so far put in is that of Russia, which wants $90,000,000, and in addition claims the right to deal in the Manchurian matter separately with China without any regard to the other Powers. Germany is willing to take $30,000,000 less than Russia, or $60,000,000, but if Russia insists on $90,000,000 Germany will probably insist on $80,000,000.

Japan is reasonable and agrees entirely with the United States and Great Britain. France, however, insists on a large sum, while Italy, Austria and some other nations, such as Spain, Belgium and Holland, that suffered no particular loss, and contributed nothing in the way of troops, are putting in demands in excess of those of the United States, Great Britain and Japan.

This is a condition of things that gives very little promise of bringing down the claims to any reasonable sum, such as China can pay. At the present time there seems to be no hope of reducing the aggregate below $300,000,000, and it may reach $400,000,000. Nothing has yet been determined respecting the method of raising the indemnity fund, even after an agreement is reached.

KILLED FOR WINTER'S WAGES.

Young Woodman Waylaid and Murdered After a Struggle.

Greenville Junction, Me. (Special).—The finding of the body of Mathison Pare, a woodman, at Askwith, has revealed a most brutal murder, with robbery as the motive.

The victim, who was 21 years old, had worked this winter on Moosehead lake. On March 8, when he had finished his work, he received his wages, amounting to $108, and started for his home in St. Benoit, Canada.

No tidings as to his whereabouts were learned until Thursday last, when his mutilated body was found by a party of wood cutters. The body, which was frozen, lay in the snow. The man had evndently been shot by a rifle ball, which struck him in the face. There were indications that a struggle took place and that the rifle wound had not proved fatal, as there were knife cuts on the face and neck. The right side of the head was crushed as if from a blow with the butt end of the rifle. His money and a valise filled with clothes were missing.

OUTLAWS USE THEIR GUNS.

They Kill a Man Whose House They Were Robbing and Kill a Detective.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special).—Thomas D. Kahney, a grocer at No. 13 Albert St., Mount Washington, about 3 o'clock in the morning was shot and almost instantly killed by burglars who were looting his house. Kahney met his death while trying to rescue his wife from the robbers. Three men had entered his house and were trying to force a gag in Mrs. Kahney's mouth to prevent her from giving an alarm. Several shots were fired at Kahney with fatal effect.

After the shooting the burglars fled from the house. As soon as the murder of Kahney was reported to the police department Superintendent O'Meara put the entire force of detectives to work on the case. Several of the officers came upon the three burglars on Fulton street, and immediately the fugitives opened fire. The officers promptly returned the fire, and in the fusilade that followed "Paddy" Fitzgerald, one of Pittsburg's oldest and best known detectives, was almost instantly killed and two other officers are reported wounded.

Slain in a Friend's Room.

Columbia, S. C. (Special).—Captain John J. Griffin, commercial agent of the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company, was shot to death in the rooms of Major Bernard B. Evans, brother of ex-Gov. John Gary Evans, of this city. Major Evans was arrested on suspicion of having committed the crime. The two men were alone at dinner. Major Evans summoned Dr. R. W. Gibbes, who found Captain Griffin dying and speechless on Major Evans' bed. A 44-caliber Colt's revolver bullet had entered just above the left nipple.

To Build Monument to Harrison.

Indianapolis, Ind. (Special).—Following the death and burial of ex-President Harrison, the Commercial Club of this city and other civic organizations resolved upon building a monument to Harrison. The proposition found favor in the East, and Senator Fairbanks subscribed $1000 and reported he had received letters from Col. John W. Foster authorizing a subscription of $1000 each by himself and Stephen W. Elkins, making a nucleus of $3000.

Girl Arrested for Murder.

Elkton, Md.(Special).—Another chapter was added to the Simpers tragedy at Straborn Mills when State's Attorney Evans had Sarah Simpers, aged 12 years, sister of the murdered boy, arrested and lodged in the Elkton jail, charged with committing the crime. Thomas Simpers, aged 10, is already in prison under the same charge. The two youthful prisoners accuse each other of killing their 7-year-old brother Howard, but on account of their age the District Attorney will endeavor to have them committed to the Reform School until they become of age.

LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Stop Postal Abuses.

Having repeatedly failed to secure remedial legislation from Congress to prevent abuses of the privilege of second class mail matter, the Postoffice Department officials have under consideration the question of the adoption of a proposed rule, by authority of the Postmaster General, to bring about the desired reforms. With this object in view, Mr. Edwin C. Madden, Third Assistant Postmaster General, has addressed a long circular letter to about 400 publishers of newspapers and periodicals, setting forth the objects sought to be accomplished by the proposed rule and asking the following question:

"In the judgment of those addressed, will a departmental rule be regarded as injurious to legitimate newspapers and periodicals which will stop absolutely all premium inducements, direct or indirect, and of whatever character, for subscriptions? In other words, after a publisher has fixed a price on his publication any bonus or premium given to the subscriber or any combination with another thing except a second-class publication shall vitiate that subscription in its relation to the second-class rates of postage."

President's Tour to the Pacific.

The President, Mrs. McKinley and party will leave Washington by the Southern Railway, Monday morning, April 29, at 10.30 o'clock, for a tour to the Pacific Coast and return, covering a period of between six and seven weeks. They will have a train consisting of a private car for the President and Mrs. McKinley, two Pullman compartment cars, two Pullman sleepers, a dining car and a combination car. Col. L. S. Brown, general agent of the Southern Railway, will accompany the party from here to New Orleans, and from New Orleans to Portland, Ore., E. O. McCormick, passenger traffic manager of the Southern Pacific Line.

A Successor to Baron Fava.

The State Department has been advised through the American Ambassador at Rome and the Italian Foreign Office that Baron Fava will be succeeded as ambassador from Italy to this country by the Marquiz Obizzo Malispina di Carbonara, at present minister for Italy to the Argentine Republic. The Marquiz has had a wide diplomatic experience, and served in Washington as one of the attaches of the Italian legation about ten years ago. He will receive a substantial promotion by his new appointment, rising from the rank of minister to that of ambassador.

Patent Commissioner Resigns.

Walter H. Chamberlin, of Chicago, Ill., tendered his resignation as United States Assistant Commissioner of Patents. The resignation will take effect May 1, when Mr. Chamberlin will resume the practice of patent law. Mr. Chamberlin called on President McKinley and explained that he cannot afford to remain here and neglect his practic

Dairy Products Market.

F. E. Emery, formerly of the North Carolina agricultural experiment station, has been detailed by the Secretary of Agriculture to visit China, Japan, the Philippines and other Eastern countries with a view to extending the markets for American dairy products.

Capital News in General.

The United States Supreme Court decided that divorces are only generally valid when the parties have a legal bona-fide residence in the State which granted them.

The Government is said to have made compromises with the importers in the "hat trimmings" cases.

The President made a number of appointments of surgeons in the Volunteer Army.

As a result of a meeting during the inauguration exercises the engagement is announced of ex-Congressman J. Frank Aldrich, of Missouri, to Miss Mathilde Agan, of New York.

Col. James C. Berrett, ex-mayor of Washington, and a prominent figure in politics in Maryland and in Washington for half a century, died of paralysis.

Ambassador Cambon has purchased a site on which the French government will erect an embassy.

Plans have been arranged to be presented to Congress for an extension of the Capitol.

The Navy Department gave a medal and a gratiuty to Sergeant Helms, of the Marine Corps, for gallantry and heroism, despite the recommendation to the contrary by Rear Admiral Crowninshield.

The Comptroller of the Currency appointed a temporary received for the Farmers National Bank of Vergennes, Vt., whose cashier had embezzled about $90,000.

Secretary Hay has been sounding the Senators to learn what sort of a treaty with England bearing on the isthmian canal will be certain of ratification.

President James M. Waterbury, of the Waterbury Rope Company, explained to the Industrial Commission why the Cordage Trust was a failure.

An attempt to rob the express train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Washington, was foiled by the express messenger.

President McKinley appointed a board of visitors to West Point Military Academy.

The Treasury Department was advised by the big meat-packing concerns in Chicago of a rumor that the British Government intended to make war on American meat.

The Congress of the Loyal Legion adopted an amendment to the constitution admitting veterans of the Spanish-American War.

Our New Possessions.

Major William Monaghan, a volunteer paymaster, died while serving in the Philippines.

The Cuban Constitutional Convention declines to pass upon the Platt amendment, and the question has been left to the commission which goes to Washington to consult the President.

Archbishop Chapelle, the papal delegate in the Philippines, has been summoned to Rome.

The immigration at the port of Havana, Cuba, during the last half of the year 1900 was 14,578.

The American Philippine Commission received a cordial greeting at Antique Province, on the Island of Panay.

At a meeting of European members of the Filipino Junta in London, it was reported that General MacArthur was preparing to torture Aguinaldo to compel him to sign the oath of allegiance, the members of the Junta evidently not being posted on the doings of Aguinaldo since his capture.

THE CENTRE REPORTER---SUPPLEMENT.

Vol. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., APRIL 18, 1901. NO. 15.

OUR BARGAINS STILL CONTINUE.

Our patrons have taken advantage of the cut prices in Winter Goods which we have closed out during the last few weeks. We now have our Spring Goods in and are selling them at such prices that everybody can purchase.

In Dry Goods we have a very nice line and sell them at very low prices. And remember we can sell you Overalls at prices that will surprise you. Also Shirts, as we carry a large line to select from.

The people that have looked over our Shoe stock say we have the best line they have seen this spring, so come and purchase here and be in it with the rest of our patrons in style and quality.

Do you want a nice Dress Shirt this spring? If you do then come and see our line before buying elsewhere, as we can show you the latest styles at the very lowest prices. In fine Neckwear we can also please you. Gents' Dress Hats—we have them in the latest styles.

Ladies' Wrappers, Sun Bonnets, Laces, Embroideries, Collars, Notions of all descriptions, Table and Floor Oil Cloth, and the best and choicest Groceries always on hand.

Bear in mind that we sell the Buffalo Milling Company's Flour, which is strictly high grade. Just try a 25 lb. sack and be convinced.

Poultry Netting in all widths.

☞We are right along your road—at the CENTRE HALL STATION.

J. F. SMITH.

A CLEAN SWEEP

We will sell every piece of furniture in our store at a sacrifice rather than remove it to our proposed new store room. YOUR PRICES ARE OUR PRICES if they are at all reasonable.

Smith Brothers, : Furniture Dealers, : Spring Mills, Penn'a.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. *"Leader"* and *"Repeater"* loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

ROOFING SLATE.

ED. F. FOREMAN, Centre Hall, Penn'a.

HANDLES all grades of roofing slates. Estimates made per square. Work done by experienced mechanics. Slate is as cheap as shingles and far superior. 13decly.

Subscribe for the Reporter.

L. L. SMITH, Agent for . .

Glenwood Nursery, Rochester, New York,

will call on you before long and if you wish to purchase fruit trees, berry bushes, vines, bulbs, or anything grown by nurserymen, you will find he has both the best stock and lowest prices. He also sells the ROCHESTER SPRAY PUMP, the best of the kind made. 13dec

RE-DEDICATE METHODIST CHURCH

A Big Day in the History of the Bellefonte Methodist Episcopal Church.

Easter Sunday, 1901, will ever remain a red-letter day in the history of the Methodist church of Bellefonte. Doubly and trebly important was the day, for not only was it the glad Easter tide but it marked the 84th anniversary of the founding of Methodism in Bellefonte and also was the occasion of the reopening to the public of their beautifully remodeled church which is undoubtedly one of the coslest and handsomest church edifices in Central Pennsylvania. 1817-1875-1901 are the important figures in the history of this congregation. 1817 the church was founded here, 1875 the present church was built and 1901 it was again dedicated to the cause of Christ.

The dedicatory sermon was delivered by Bishop Charles H. Fowler D. D. LL. D., of Buffalo, N. Y.

When Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, the present pastor, came to Bellefonte last Spring he at once began to agitate the matter of extensive repairs to the church. He preached a sermon from the pulpit in regard to it and so stirred the people that the matter was at once taken up. Former Governor Daniel H. Hastings and F. W. Crider, were the prime movers in the affair. The repairs cost in the neighborhood of $15,000, which include also the parsonage which was also completely remodeled throughout. The church is practically a new one.

A fine Hook and Hastings pipe organ has also been placed in the church through the efforts of Mrs. Hastings, wife of former Gov. Hastings. The organ cost $2,500 and every cent of the money was raised by her from friends in the State, not a dollar coming from the people of Bellefonte. Many of the checks received from her friends were for $100 each.

MURDERER GULICK CAPTURED.

Returned to the Scene of the Double Crime at Kline's Grove.

John Gulick, who murdered his mother and brother at Kline's Grove, near Sunbury recently, spent the Easter Day in silent contemplation of his awful crime. The prisoner was found Saturday morning in an old workhouse, near his home, by Butler Surgeon, his father's farm hand.

Gulick was drying his clothes near a little stove, in which he had built a fire, when Surgeon entered the place. Trembling with fear Gulick arose and advanced toward Surgeon, holding out his hand. He inquired, "How is Pap?" Surgeon replied, "He's well, I'll call him."

"No, no, I don't want to see him. The torture I have endured the past few days has made me mad."

"Friday I watched the funerals of mother and my brother from the hills near home. I never saw a newspaper and didn't know anyone was after me.

"I am very sorry, but things were getting too warm for me. It was about three o'clock when I went in the workshop."

"During the day I was in constant fear of some one finding me, and at night the scene of the shooting was always before my eyes."

The prisoner was pale and careworn, but seemed to breathe easier after being placed behind the prison bars.

Another County Added.

The congressional apportionment bill, as reported from committee, adds another county to the Sixteenth district, that of Cameron. If this bill is adopted the district will consist of Tioga, Potter, Lycoming, Clinton and Cameron.

R. D. FOREMAN. WM. F. FLORAY.

FOREMAN & FLORAY

(Sucressors to Geo. W. Ocker,)

—DEALERS IN—

Grain, Coal, Flour, Mill Feed, Salt, Fertilizers, Farming Implements, &c.

We pay the highest cash prices the market will afford for all kinds of grain, and at the same time will offer you goods as mentioned above at the lowest possible prices consistent with the quality of goods.

We make a specialty of

FLOUR

and carry in stock the best brands to be obtained anywhere, including both winter and spring wheat varieties.

In the line of farm implements we offer only the best, including Champion Binders and Mowers, Superior Grain Drills and Bucher & Gibbs

Imperial Plows - - -

Spring Tooth Harrows and One-horse Cultivators. The Champion Binders and Mowers, as well as the Superior Drills, have an established reputation for durability, lightness of draft, ease of operation, and perfection of work. Bucher & Gibbs' Plows have been popular since 1830, as the best general purpose plow made. Shares for these plows always on hand. These shares come direct from the factory and are far superior to the home-made ones, both in fit and quality of material.

We most respectfully solicit at least a share of your patronage.

Unskilled mechanics blame their tools for doing unmechanical work. Our tools were never in such hands.

The work turned out of this shop is mechanical in appearance and in reality. We are prepared to do

Repair Work of Every Description.

Parts of machinery which you may think are broken for good, can often be mended and both time and money saved.

Now is the time to have your buggies and wagons repaired and repainted.

New Work of all Kinds Done to Order.

Work is positively guaranteed.
Our prices are very reasonable.
Give us a call.

W. A. HENNEY.

JULIAN A. FLEMING,

Centre Hall, Pa.,

Agent for the

Johnston Harvester Co's

full line of

Harvesting Machines.

SELF BINDERS,
MOWERS,
RAKES, ETC.

Repairing Binders a Specialty.

I have had a practical experience for a period of eighteen years with farm and other machinery and I feel that money can be saved to many farmers by having their old machines looked over and repaired by a practical man.

Spring Mills, Pa.

P. V. S. STORE.

Spring Shoes in the latest styles in Russet and Patent Leather for Men, Ladies and Misses are in stock.

It will pay you to call before buying elsewhere and get our prices on shoes.

C. A. KRAPE.

CENTRE HALL

CARRIAGE WORKS.

We manufacture all grades of Buggy Tops, Cushions and Fullbacks, with or without springs.

Old Tops and Cushions repaired at very reasonable prices.

Woodwork and Repainting

is given prompt and special attention. Our prices are as low as the lowest and the work is done with first-class stock and by good mechanics. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a chance to estimate on your job before placing your order elsewhere.

J. T. LEE,

Centre Hall, - Penn'a.

You will find the best brands of

FLOUR

are kept by

JOHN S. AUMAN,

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Pillsbury Flour and John S. Auman Brand

are the best on the market.

BRAN, SHORTS, CHOP & MIDDLINGS

always on hand.

Custom chopping done at all times.

I also keep Salt on hand at all times in grain bags or in burlap sacks. Also Baum's Poultry, Horse & Stock Food.

A new flour of entire wheat and superior to Graham flour now in stock.

☞ Highest prices paid for all kinds of grain.

Livery . . . .

. . . . . D. A. BOOZER

Centre Hall, Pa. - - -

New Spring Stock

A fine line of Men's Shoes; price, $3.50.

A nice line of Ladies' Shoes from $1.25 to $3.00.

Come and examine our line of Trunks & Men's Dress Suit Cases.

An elegant stock of Men's Shirts for summer from 50 to 75 cts.

A good line of Fancy Silks for Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Kreamer & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.

AN ARMY SURGEON and anexpert in insanity who was sent to the Philippines to investigate the reported prevalence of insanity among American soldiers, reports that the number of cases has been much exaggerated The cases are generally of a curable type, and Surgeon Latimer attributes almost all of them to melancholy, superinduced by the nature of the service and the climatic conditions. Most of the volunteers are young, and went to Manila under the idea that they would have much of pleasant and romantic adventure, whereas they are chiefly employed in the dull routine of duty, alternately drenched with rain or dew and exposed to the fierce heat of the sun. All the cases yield readily to treatment, but the best, which he recommends, is to bring them home and muster them out of service after re-establishing their health.

THE REPORT GOES that Senator Hanna is making terms for the disposal of his large holdings in lake freighters and ore and coal a nds, that he may hereafter devote his entire attention to political and administrative matters, otherwise the making and moving of presidents, governors and senators. He has recently attempted to manage and direct the election of four United States senators in Delaware and Nebraska. He failed in Delaware, while in Nebraska the result is in doubt. It is further stated Mr. Hanna in closing out his industrial and corporation deals is holding himself in reserve for a move on the presidential nomination in 1904. The people of this country, event hose who rejoice over his successes, are in no doubt about the man. He is a political plutocrat and the agent of plutocrats, wielding the mighty power of aggregated wealth, without scruples or consdience, in the fields of political activity.

IT IS AN INDIRECT way of checking the granting of fraudulent pensions that Secretary Root has ordered that every man in the force of 35,000 volunteers who are to be mustered out before July 1 shall be subjected to a searching medical examination when he leaves the service of the United States. The instructions issued from the war department are positive and stringent. They require a strict investigation to be made of the physical condition of all soldiers and officers of the line below the rank of general. The results of this investigation are to be placed on the army records, which are to be open for reference to the pension officials whenever any of the discharged volunteers apply for a pension on the ground of disability contracted in the Philippines or elsewhere. The necessity for this is shown by the fact that nearly 40,000 pension claims have already been filed by volunteers who served during the war with Spain—most of whom never left American soil or heard a gun fired in battle during that conflict.

THERE WAS AN INTERESTING ending of the long struggle for the election of two United States senators from Nebraska at the closing session of the Legislature on Thursday. All the candidates who have been balloted for in caucus were abandonded, and two new men elected senators, one for the long term of six years and the other for four years. Governor Dietrich, who was chosen governor last November by a plurality of 800 in a total vote of 241,000, gets the short term, and J. H. Millard, Omaha, the long term. The peculiarity of the election is that both the new senators are presidents of National banks. Both men are new names in Nebraska politics. The railroads could not agree on candidates, and it is a supposable case the senators-elect are acceptable to the corporation interest. The election in Nebraska leaves but two seats vacant in the United States Senate —those from Delaware—and it is surmised that as soon as the Republicans can heal their factional feuds, which Hanna has in charge, an extra session of the Legislature will be called to make good those vacancies.

More Goods Coming!

Just received another lot of Shirt Waist Goods.

Ask to see our Ginghams at 5 1-2 cts. We sell Lancaster Ginghams at 6 cts.

A good supply of Flour, Salt, Feed and Salted Fish on hand.

The Long Store Company,

Spring Mills, Pa.

Opposite Spring Mills Hotel.

Solid Oak Extension Table, $5.50.

Woven Bed Springs, $1.65.

Weber's Improved Flour Heater, $6.00.

The Cheapest Place to buy Furniture in Centre County.

SARAH E. WEBER,

Boalsburg, Penn'a.

Magazines.

10 Cents.

SUCCESS,
BROADWAY,
COSMOPOLITAN,
ELITE STYLES,
THE STRAND,
FRANK LESLIE'S,
PEARSON'S,
MUNSEY'S,
McCLURE'S,
THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL,
WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION.

25 Cents.

SCRIBNER'S,
REVIEW OF REVIEWS.

5 Cents.

SATURDAY EVENING POST,
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,
MY QUEEN.

Any of these Magazines or any other Standard Periodical can be had at the News Stand, in the REPORTER OFFICE. Deliveries made to regular subscribers.

Come in; the periodicals are yours to look at.

Laundry.

Having secured the agency for the Bellefonte Steam Laundry, I kindly ask the continuance of the patronage of the public. All work is guaranteed. The previous low prices will be maintained. Out of town patrons can leave their Laundry at the "Reporter" office any time during the week—the door is open at all times.

☞ Laundry collected Monday and Tuesday of each week.

South Side Patrons:

Arrangements have been made with hackdriver Horner to collect and deliver all laundry handed to him in person or left at the Centre Hill, Tusseyville, Colyer or Potters Mills postoffice.

TED BAILEY,
AGENT.

AN OPTIMIST.

Shall I, by Life's close commonplaces hedged,
Misrate the casual sunbeam, or, austere,
Regard the wild flower pale, chance-rooted here,
Scorning the song-bird this dull thicket fledged?
Nay! Heart's ease, Fortune, I have never pledged,
A hostage for thy favor all too dear.
Ah, Heaven's light downshineth strangely near,
When outward view hath long been casement-edged.
Though grim mischance with evil hour conspire,
The balanced soul they shall not oversway,
Nor circumstance abash, nor failure bar.
They vex me not, the lamps of old desire,
Unlighted in the bare room of To-day.
Somewhere the morning waits!
Meanwhile—a star.
—Lulu W. Mitchell, in Century.

A Goldfield Reminiscence.

"How long have you been in the colony?" "I arrived just a week ago."

The answer to my interrogation was given by my neighbor, a fresh, vigorous, handsome young fellow of five-and-twenty, or thereabouts, who had been my traveling companion on the top of Cobb and Co.'s coach during the transit between Melbourne and Castlemaine.

He was a Welshman—a farmer's son I inferred, and one of the last batch of recruits who had rushed out to the great battle-fields where the daily strife for gold was waged so passionately and bitterly.

Of course, he had all the energy and enthusiasm of a new hand, and, as I looked at his fair, deep chest, and bold blue eyes, I asked myself, sadly enough, how long it would be before, like many others, he would have become a dispirited failure or a reckless mining desperado.

I was in the first batch myself, not through any lack of industry or honesty: perhaps because of the presence of the latter quality, the 'cute ones might have told you.

It was not the prospect of an El Dorado that had lured me to the colonies. I had been settled there, and prospering, before the world-famed shepherd saw nuggets in the creek; but, bitten by the mania that turned peaceful citizens into ravening beasts, and left once happy homesteads desolate, I got rid of my stock and impedimenta at ruinous prices, and decamped for the mining districts.

Of course, I had the usual gleams of luck that make the race for wealth a passion here; but they were so few and brief, and the long nights of despondency that lay between were so toil-filled and bitter! It was the navvy's existence without the navvy's recompense. But, naturally, we sent home good accounts of the big nuggets as one and another turned them up, and, Briton-like, we kept our disasters to ourselves, and so the new recruits kept pouring in, and extortion, and rapacity, and dishonesty spread like a plague. I do not deny that noble things were done and cruel things borne, now and again, heroically. Even in its lowest depths, humanity retains some stamp of the divine; but I must reluctantly confess that these stirring memories are matter of tradition, and not of personal experience with me.

Any one who has ever thought about mining must understand that it cannot be carried on single-handed; that for the processes of digging and washing alone, not to speak of protecting, cooking for, and serving each other, at least four partners are almost a necessity, and, could so many work together harmoniously, each claim could run a gang of double that number. But these partnerships are the main difficulty of the miner's life, the scope for his choice of a kindred spirit being so limited, and the strong probability that the first gleam of prosperity will turn his mate into a swindler or a drunkard, so very disheartening.

For some time past we had been working in a gang of three, two old miners, far more experienced in the life than I was, having picked me up; but, our late washings having been more profitable than usual after the rainy season, I knew Rogers and Smith were on the lookout for a fourth hand. Not guessing that any but a man of their own selection would be unfavorably received by them, and feeling much drawn towards my young companion on the stage-coach, and friendships being rapidly cemented here, I made him acquainted with our circumstances as we bowled along over the uneven, dirty highway.

"I have nothing to offer you but the chance of gold and the certainty of hard work." I concluded; "but such as it is you are welcome to it, for the present, at any rate."

"I'm your man, and thank you heartily," he said, grasping my hand with British warmth; and then, as we neared Castlemaine, and the sun, like a red ball, dipped towards the east, I enumerated to him the tools he would require, and narrated as closely as I could what our life would be together.

The more I talked to Ramsey the more I liked him. His spirits were so good they seemed to rouse my own, and the drawbacks to our claim, that I rather suggested than described, were pooh-poohed in the cheeriest way.

"We were far from the creek."

"Well, he was strong enough to carry the clay any distance."

"When we found any dust we had to watch it armed all night."

"Well, he could do with as little sleep as any man."

"On the whole, I had not very much confidence in Rogers and Smith."

"In that case how fortunate that we were now two and two!"

So, encouraged in spite of myself, we advanced to the claim together. But the surly reception my new acquaintance met with soon intimated to me that I had been considered over-bold in my arrangement, and the discomfort of the first evening did not diminish as days passed. Instinctively our little gang of four fell into two companies, Rogers and Smith keeping entirely to themselves, and leaving Ramsey and me to support each other.

We had been about a month together, and it was the autumn of 1852, in the rainy season, so that the manner of life I had bestowed on Ramsey would have been no boon in any eyes but those of a miner. Our clothes dried on our backs or remained wet, as the case might be, and our claim was generally flooded, while he and I worked on the night shift, keeping the shaft constantly baled, and digging as we could; and it would have required eight men to be of any service, for the ground was so heavy and the digging so deep. But the prospector's claim was not far off, and so we toiled like slaves, knowing that if we struck gold at all it would likely be in large quantities. But, in spite of hope and energy, Ramsey and I were dead beat on Saturday night, and so, for the first time, we urged our hitherto unthought-of right to a change of hours. Why should not we rest at night and labor by day? Why should the others have this advantage exclusively? We made our proposal good-temperedly, but it was rejected in such surly fashion that I lost patience, and, thinking to reduce our opponents to terms, offered to sell our interest.

"For what price?" Smith asked.

"A hundred pounds each," I answered, feeling sure so much coin was not in the whole firm.

Without a word, Rogers opened a canvas bag and counted out the gold, and then I knew that we had been literally bought and sold.

"They have bottomed," Ramsey said, as we walked off with our few belongings.

"Of course they have, the infernal rascals!" I answered, viciously; "that is why they wished us to keep on digging while they washed.

On the following morning the rain had ceased, the day was fine, and the creeks were well filled with water, but I could not see beauty or promise in anything, because the scoundrels who had cheated me had netted two thousand pounds. And then we were the beaten men, and the rude laugh that greets failure was ringing over us.

For a couple of weeks we remained idle, chewing the cud of bitter discontent, even Ramsey's hopefulness having been damped by this lesson on men and things. And then our chances of making a fresh start were poor, the ground being occupied for miles, and any abandoned claim that we might have taken possession of requiring at least eight men to work it. But we were sick of partnerships, and coldly rejected any outside advances towards comradeship. As a kind of forlorn hope we at last decided to move up the hillside to some unclaimed shallow ground which, on inspection, held out a vague kind of promise; but we were not rushing to it very hopefully now, having encountered facts, and the facts having conquered us. But action of any kind was likely to be less unprofitable than inaction, and so we were on our way to remove our tent and swag to the new settlement, when on the way we ran across two old Ballarat acquaintances, who were packing up their belongings for a start to a new rush in the Gympic ranges. The claim they were forsaking had not been wholly unpromising, but better luck, like an ignis fatuus, lured them ahead, and so their forty-foot shaft was about to be abandoned.

"These brilliant things never turn out of much value," I said, warningly, from the depths of my past experience, "better stay where you are"; but they shrugged their shoulders, declared they would risk the exchange, and so left us.

"Suppose we settle down here?" I suggested, thinking the deep shaft more promising than the shallow ground.

"I dare say it's much the same here or there," Ramsey acquiesced, dismally, and so, before sundown, our tent stood on the spot so recently vacated by our friends.

For five days we worked, and such work! One with pick and shovel at the bottom, the other with windlass-rope and bucket, hauling the earth to the surface, and still not a trace of the precious metal had met our hungry eyes, while every fellow-laborer who passed us thoughtlessly tantalized us with the success of our old chums, or told us how some new arrivals had struck gold on the very piece of shallow ground we had meant to peg out on the hillside.

"You had better leave me, Ramsey, bad luck sticks to me," I told him, despondently, on the sixth morning.

"Just as likely I have brought it with me," he answered, with a dash of his old cheerfulness; "at any rate, we'll have one other fling into the old hole on this last day of the week."

"Well, it must be the very last," I answered, taking up my pick listlessly, and descending.

There is a certain comfort in the thought that you are doing a hopeless thing for the very last time; there is a certain satisfaction in the knowledge that there are still other corners of the world open to you. Perhaps it was this that lent me new energy; at any rate, I pounded away for a couple of hours with a will, and none the less energetically as I discovered that the character of the ground was changing. It was gravel I had laid bare, gravel which, before many hours, must prove to us of what value our labors had been.

"Now then, that decides it one way or another," I said, as I sent the first bucketful to the surface. "If there is no gold there I shake the mud of this claim off my feet for ever."

So determined was I in this resolution that I intimated my ascent after the bucket, and taking my pick and shovel with me, cast what I expected to be a last look into the depths as I mounted. And yet, in spite of myself, excitement, and a vague half hope were stirring at my heart.

"If there is nothing here, we'll shake hands and part," I told Ramsey, as, with our burden between us, we started for the creek. He nodded without answering, and then in silence we bent over the gravel, washing it as for dear life. Two—three—ten minutes passed, and then we stood erect and looked at each other. A thimbleful of a yellowish substance lay at the bottom of the pannikin.

"What is it?" Ramsey asked huskily.

"It's gold!" I answered, with white lips. I don't know what we did then. We dared not embrace each other, for there were neighbors close enough to observe any unusual demonstration. I think we stood gazing at our treasure, and interjecting brief comments hoarsely.

Then we gathered up our tools and returned to the claim, feeling all at once strong as Samson, and young with an eternal kind of youth. After all, these brief moments do compensate for many a month of toil and privation!

Past experience had taught us the wisdom of keeping our own counsel now, but, in spite of our best efforts, it was soon understood along the line that we had bottomed and were washing off sand. A certain esprit de corps among miners necessitates the comparative value of a yield being made known, nevertheless we managed to secure most of the big nuggets from the bottom of the cradle before the final washing off.

Possession has its own pains and penalties. For a month, while toiling by day, we scarcely ventured to sleep at night, lest some one should descend our shaft and despoil us of our treasure, but after a time the vigilant watch on us abated. Some of our neighbors in adjoining claims had bottomed, and their proceeds scarcely giving them wages the value of our find was gravely questioned and finally forgotten.

Before we left that shaft we had sold eight thousand pounds worth of gold, while in no other claim on the creek had the treasure amounted to as many hundreds. The explanation was not far to seek. All the gold was large, and across our claim lay a ledge of rock that, in past ages, had formed a barrier to the descent of the nuggets as the current washed them from the reef above, and here, sought for to right and left, to front and rear, they had laid for centuries to enrich Ramsay and me, just when our worst moment had come, and when we were nearest to despair.

Of course, I know people would laugh if we asserted that that gold had been left there that we might find it then, but I know that miners and sailors and men whose fortunes are not exactly in their own hands, grow to believe more in luck, or chance—call it what you will—than others do, and somehow it affords us a kind of consolation, even when things are dead against us, to think that there is a plan in them somehow, and that they will right themselves for us sooner or later, here, or somewhere.—Waverley Magazine.

COLOR OF GOLD COINS.

Reasons For Differences in Tint of Coins of French Mintage.

Some time ago a Frenchman placed together a number of gold coins of French mintage of the beginning, middle and end of the last century. He was much surprised to see that they differed in color. He set about finding out the reasons for this difference, and the results of his investigations have been published in La Nature.

There is a paleness about the yellow of the 10 and 20 franc pieces which bear the effigies of Napoleon I and Louis XVIII that is not observed in the gold pieces of later mintage. One admirer of these coins speaks of their color as a "beautiful paleness" and expresses regret that it is lacking in later coins. The explanation of it is very simple. The alloy that entered into the French gold coins of those days contained as much silver as copper, and it was the silver that gave the coins their interesting paleness.

The coins of the era of Napoleon III were more golden in hue. The silver had been taken out of the alloy.

The gold coins of to-day have a still warmer and deeper tinge of yellow. This is because the Paris mint, as well as that in London, melts the gold and the copper alloy in hermetically sealed boxes, which prevents the copper from being somewhat bleached, as it always is when it is attacked by hot air. So the present coins have the full warmness of tint that a copper alloy can give.

If the coins of to-day are not so handsome in the opinion of amateur collectors as those issued by the first Napoleon, they are superior to those of either of the Napoleons in the fact that it costs less to make them. The double operation of the oxidation of the copper and cleaning it off the surface of the coin with acids is no longer employed, and the large elimination of copper from the surface of the coins formerly practiced made them less resistant under wear and tear than are the coins now in circulation.

A NEW TRANSPORT WAGON.

Can Carry Rations for Forty Men on Outpost Duty or Serve With a Battery.

The old idea of taking few measures for the comfort of the troops in the field, because they are usually compelled by the force of circumstances to do without any comforts, was exploded long ago and to-day every good officer tries to bring his men to the field of battle in as fresh a condition as possible.

One of the most arduous duties (other than actual fighting on the firing line) is outpost duty, and any means that will lighten this service in the field will be welcomed by the army Wagon transportation will not always be available far to the front, and yet the South African campaign has shown that even at the outposts it can often come into play, and would be of inestimable value in sparing the men unnecessary labor.

A new military transport and shelter wagon is the direct outcome of the late experience in the Transvaal. It was designed by a volunteer artillery colonel of Sheffield, England. The wagon is built of wood and is mounted on springs and four wheels. The tires are eight inches wide, to facilitate travel over soft ground, and the rear wheels are on a broader gauge than those in front. It is arranged for horse or traction engine draft.

The top of the wagon box is surrounded by stout wire netting, inside of which is the platform. Under the platform floor is a water cistern of 40 gallons capacity. One each side of the wagon are hinged doors, closing recesses in which a canvas shelter is kept rolled up. This canvas can be run out in a very few minutes, and when held up by the wagon at one end and by posts planted out at the side of the wagon at the other, will form a rectangular tent for fifty men. Seats are also provided at the sides of the wagon in the form of hanging steps, so that the men can be carried on them when necessary. When not in use these seats can be folded up out of the way. Rifle or carbine racks are also part of the equipment. The wagon can carry four tons of stores and would thus provide a detachment of forty men with rations for 100 days. It is designed either for the supply of a detachment on outpost duty or as part of the equipment of a field battery, and with its tent shelter, will prove far more valuable, under circumstances where horse or traction engine draft is available at all, than the transport wagons now in use.—New York Sun.

The Dragon Flag of Wales.

"Quarterly azure, and gules, four lions passant gardant counter-charged." Welsh people desire the Welsh arms added to the standard, and London heralds say that if Wales has any arms, these are they. But are the heralds correct? The dragon of Britain figures in Gildas as well as in Tennyson, and the dragon was the flag of the Dux Britanniae of Roman days. The house of Cunedda appears to have kept the dragon flag and the title of King of Britain for a time. After Cadwallon's death, however, they become merely princes, and curiously adopt the lion as their emblem, while the dragon passes perhaps as part of the hegemony of the island to the Saxon Kings of Wessex. Hastings field made an end of the dragon as an English flag. The dragon, however became the Welsh flag again when Owen Glendower, "by the grace of God Prince of Wales," rose in revolt against Henry IV., and it was also under the Red Dragon that Henry VII. (who claimed to be heir of Arthur and Cadwallon) marched to Bosworth. That dragon flag was subsequently hung up at Westminster. There is, however, some historical justification for adding the red dragon to the English standard to represent Wales. It would, however, be interesting to know the exact device on the flag of the Britons borne before Charles I., when as Prince of Wales he kept court at Ludlow Castle.—The Saturday Review.

Wealth of Western North America.

It is beyond the limit or any merely human descriptive powers to do justice to the timber wealth of the Pacific coast. It has been calculated with reference to British Columbia alone that at the present rate of consumption it would take 700 years to exhaust the more available supplies of timber; and as, under the husbandry of nature, forests will renew themselves in less time than 700 years, the calculation is merely a way of indicating that the timber resources of the Pacific coast are practically inexhaustible. It is not too much to say, then that for all trade and commerce into which wood and the products of wood enter, and for all manufactures in which wood and the products of wood are consumed, the Pacific coast possesses resources incalculably greater than any other portion of the globe, civilized or uncivilized.

As regards the products of the mine, the territory under consideration already produces no inconsiderable proportion of the world's annual supply of gold, silver, copper and lead. It is besides infinitely rich in iron, coal and petroleum, of which its stores are hardly yet comprehended, much less utilized. And what is known of all its mineral resources is as nothing in comparison with what is not known.—David B. Bogle, in the Engineering Magazine.

Marconi has expressed skepticism concerning some of Tesla's theories. Even inventors must fall under the suspicion of professional jealousy.

THE KEYSTONE STATE.

News Happenings of Interest Gathered From All Sources.

BIG BATTLE WITH A GYPSY BAND.

One Man Killed, a Woman and Two Constables Shot in a Running Fight--Strange Malady Stirs the Town of North Belle Vernon--While a Committee Waited to Greet a Pastor the Church was Set on Fire.

In a fusilade of bullets between a posse of constables and a gypsy band near Lilly, John Yachrumma, one of the gypsies, was instantly killed, his niece, Viola Yachrumma, was shot through the breast, H. P. Titler, a deputy constable, was shot in the mouth, and Frank Coons, another deputy, was shot in the bowels. The latter will probably die. The gypsies were in the neighborhood of Duncansville, Blair county, last week, where, it is asserted, they committed many depredations. After they left Blair county and came over into Cambria, Constable Brown, of Duncansville, followed with a warrant for their arrest. He located his men near Summit and called Constables Fordeg and Wilt to his assistance. The two deputized P. S. Titler, division foreman of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Frank Coons as assistants, and the party of alleged thieves was soon located. A running chase was kept up until the officers overtook the party. The latter immediately opened fire and Titler fell, shot through the mouth. The volley was returned and Yachrumma was killed. At the second volley the woman dropped and an instant later Coons was struck. The loss of two men confused the posse to a certain extent, and the gypsies hurried away, carrying their dead and wounded with them.

The town of North Belle Vernon is stirred up over what appears to be an attempt at wholesale poisoning. One person is dead, another is dying and five others are seriously ill. N. H. Reeves, a prominent citizen and a school director, died suddenly in convulsions from a peculiar affection that his puzzled the physicians. A. C. Compton, principal of the public schools, and A. W. Phillips, assistant principal, are down with the same malady, but there is hope for the latter's recovery. It is possible that the water in a well from which School Director Reeves and the instructors drank was poisoned, for five others who used water from the well are seriously ill, and it is believed that none of them will recover. The public schools have been closed and the greatest uneasiness is felt. A chemist is on his way from Pittsburg to analyze the water in the well.

A great sensation was caused at Lewisburg by the discovery of an attempt to burn the Beaver Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church. Joseph Poeth, a teamster, was passing the edifice and observed smoke issuing from the chapel in the rear. Investigation showed a brisk fire to be burning inside, but with assistance Poeth extinguished the flames. A bunch of oil-soaked rags was found just outside the building. The church is one of the finest edifices in this part of the State, costing $150,000 and being the gift of Thomas Beaver, of Danville. At the time the fire was discovered a committee was at the railway station to meet the new pastor, Rev. R. H. Colburn, who came from Williamsport. The people are much alarmed over the fire, as there was a $2500 blaze on Tuesday night, which seemed to be of incendiary origin.

Proceedings in equity were filed at Sharon by citizens of Grove City against that borough, A. E. Graham, borough treasurer, and Grove City College. The suit asks to have set aside the ordance passed a year ago by Town Council accepting a gift of $30,000 from Anrew Carnegie to establish a free library in that town with the condition that the borough pay $1800 yearly for maintenance. Petitioners allege that to maintain the library the town would be forced to exceed the constitutional tax limit.

The American Steel and Wire Company has just brought in a gas well 1400 feet deep, with a rock pressure of 800 pounds, at its new blast furnace plant at Neville Island. The gauge showed a steady flow, but it is too soon to determine whether the flow will be permanent or not, but it is expected that it will maintain a flow of about 500 pounds at least for several years. Gas experts are of the opinion that the whole of the island is over a gas pocket and that it will furnish enough fuel to operate the manufacturing plants for an indefinite time.

For fishing with a fyke net in the Delaware river George Smith, of Shawnee was fined $100 and costs. There was nothing but suckers in the fyke net, and Smith sold the catch for 50 cents. The arrest of Smith raises the same question at Stroudsburg that the court in Berks county is now wrestding with, viz: is the sucker a game fish?

John Short, a 12-year-old boy, was struck by a north-bound Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Ry. freight train at the Welsh street crossing, Chester, and fatally injured. Short was halted at Welsh street by an accommodation train, southbound, and as the rear car cleared the crossing he darted under the gates and ran into the freight train.

The coach works and blacksmith shop of L. M. Stoner, at Mountville, were destroyed by fire. The high wind drove the flames across the turnpike and set fire to the barn of John Kitner and it was also burned. The loss, which will reach $7000, is partly covered by insurance.

Workmen passing through a gang way in the Evans colliery at Beaver Meadow stumbled over the dead bodies of John Falke and Andrew Bore. It is supposed that they were killed during the night by a blast which exploded prematurely. John Gabauer was killed by falling coal in the Laurel Hill mine.

The German Catholic Cemetery at Wilkesbarre was damaged by fire, several of the tombstones being cracked and many blackened. The grass and shrubbery caught fire and the fire department had to be called out.

While sitting in the presence of her eight children and invalid husband, Mrs Leonard Strunk, of Ashland, was stricken with paralysis and died almost instantly.

John Koincsko, a Hungarian who last November shot and killed Francis Shafer, a bartender at Northampton, was found guilty of murder in the second degree at Easton.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

New York (Special).—R. G. Dun's "Weekly Review of Trade" says. The one of general business has been better his week. Marked activity in the distribution of merchandise is reflected in he gains of 45.9 per cent. in bank clearngs at New York, compared with 1900, nd 20.8 per cent. over 1899, with gains f 13.5 and 10.8 for the same periods at eading cities outside New York. The Government report of the condition of wheat on April 1 is the surest possible basis upon which expectation of coninued commercial prosperity could be ounded. Stringency of money is largey local in New York. Railroad earnngs in March were 7.4 per cent. larger han last year, and 32.4 per cent. over 1899, according to practically complete eturns.

Speculation has been unusually heavy n foodstuffs, the local market averagng over 2,000,000 bushels of wheat daily. Prices receded sharply from the top point of two weeks ago, wheat losing about 4 cents for spot. Realizing sales were accelerated by expectation of a high percentags of Winter wheat condition in the official report. Two elements of strength appeared to check the decline. Insects were reported numerous n the southwestern section, and foreign buying was sufficient to make Atlantic exports, flour included, 6,732,090 bushels n two weeks, against 3,912,857 last year, and 3,890,380 in 1899. Corn received better support by manipulation and lighter interior receipts.

Textile fabrics are in better position. At Eastern wool markets manufacturers have taken sufficient new material of late to indicate better orders for goods, and news from the West suggests that ranch orders are going to hold for better prices than now prevail. In the cotton goods division there has been more buying for China.

Failures for the week numbered 203 in the United States against 193 last year, and 24 in Canada against 21 last year.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Baltimore.

Flour—Baltimore Best Patent....4.75a
High Grade Extra.....4.25a
Cornmeal, per 100 pounds....1.10a1.20
Hominy, per bbl.....2.60a2.70
Hominy Grits, per bbl.....2.60a2.70

Wheat.—No. 2 red 78c; steamer No. 2 red, 75c; sample lots, 76a77c. Western opened firmer; May 77¾c.

Corn.—Quote white nominally at 48a49, and yellow at 46a47. Cob corn, 2.50a2.55 per bbl.

Mill Feed.—$21.00 per ton; medium, do, $20.50.

Hay.—Market firm and in healthy shape. We quote: No. 1 timothy, $17.00a17.50; No. 2 timothy, $16.00a16.50; No. 3 timothy, $15.00a15.50; No. 1 clover mixed, $15.00a15.50; No. 2 clover mixed, $13.00a14.00; No 1 clover, $14.00a14.50; No. 2 clover, $13.00a13.50; no grade hay, $11.00a12.00.

Potatoes.—White, New York primes, per bushel, 50a55c; do, Michigan an Ohio, per bushel, 50c; do, new, Bermuda, per bbl, $4.00a5.00; do, new, Florida, per bbl, No. 1, $4.00a5.00; Sweets Eastern Shore, kiln dried, per bbl, $1.75a2.00; do, Eastern Shore, Maryland, kiln dried, per bbl, $1.75a2.00; do, North Carolina, prime, per bbl, $2.00a2.25; do, York River, per bbl., prime, $1.60a1.75. Yams, choice bright, per bbl, $1.25a1.40.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Onions, per bushel, $1.40a1.50. Cabbage, Danish, per ton, $18.00a20.00; do, new, Florida, per crate, $1.50a1.75; do, Charleston, per crate, $1.25a1.60. Celery, home grown, per bunch, 4a5c; do, Florida, per crate, $1.75a2.25. Apples, per bbl, Baldwins, $3.50; Russets, $3.00a3.25; Ben Davis, $3.50a4.00; Willows, $4.00. Oranges, California navels, $2.50a3.50; do, med't sweets, $2.50a3.00; do, seedlings, $2.00a2.50.

Beans and Peas.—New York, marrow, choice hand picked, $2.30a2.35; do do, medium, do do,—a2.10; do do, pea, do do, $2.05a2.10. Blackeye peas, per bushel, choice new, $1.55a1.60. Black peas, per bushel, choice new, $1.60. Green peas, per bushel, $1.20a1.25. Nearby white beans, hand picked, per bushel, $1.50a2.00.

Provisions.—Market very steady. Jobbing prices are as follows: Bulk shoulders, 8a8¼c; do short ribs, 9½c; do clear sides, 9¾c; bacon rib sides, 10¼c; do clear sides, 10½c; bacon shoulders, 9c. Fat backs, 8½c. Sugar cured breasts, 11½c; sugar cured shoulders, 9c. Hams—Small, 11½c; large, 11c; smoked skinned hams, 12½c; picnic hams, 8¾c. Lard—Best refined, pure, in tierces, 9½c; in tubs, 9¾c per lb. Mess pork, per bbl, $16.00.

Live Poultry.—Market firm; light receipts of hens. Quote: Hens, 10a10½c; old roosters, each, 25a30c; young chickens, 11a12c; winter do, 2 lbs and under, 17a20c; spring, 1 to 1¼ lbs, 28a33c. Ducks, 10a13c. Turkeys, 9a12c. Geese, apiece, 35a40c.

Dressed Poultry.—Capons, 16a20c.

Butter.—The market is steady. We quote:
Creamery Separator.....23a24
Creamery Gathered Cream.....20a21
Creamery Imitation.....18a19

Eggs.—Fresh laid eggs, 13a13½c.

Dressed Hogs.—Choice Western Maryland and Pennsylvania lightweights, per lb., 7a7¼c; Southern Maryland and Virginia, per lb., 6¾c. Calves.—Strictly nice veal, per lb., 6a5½c. Lambs and sheep.—Spring lambs, choice, 8a9c per lb.; poor, small sto 5c per lb.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.—Wheat firm, ¾c higher; contract grade, April, 77a77½c. Corn, firm, ¼c higher; No. 2 mixed, April 48a48¼c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 33½c. Butter firm; fair demand; fancy Western creamery, 22½c; do prints, 22½c; do nearby prints, 23c. Eggs firm, good demand; fres nearby and Western, 14c; do Sou western, 13¾c; do Southern, 13c. Che quiet but steady.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Ill.—Cattle; choice cattle steady to strong; good to prime steers $5.00a6.00; poor to medium, $3.80a4.90; stokers and feeders slow, $2.75a4.75; cows, $2.75a4.50. Hogs; mixed and butchers, $5.80a6.07½; good to choice heavy, $5.00a6.12½.

East Liberty.—Cattle steady; extra, $5.60a5.75; prime, $5.25a5.50; common, $3.25a4.00. Hogs steady; prime mediums heavy Yorkers and heavy hogs, $6.25; light Yorkers, $6.10a6.20; pigs, $5.00a6.00; skits, $5.00a5.50.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
April 18, 1901.

You Can't Get by Our $3.00 Shoes.

YOU'LL WANT THEM.

Put them next to $3.50 or $4.00 shoes sold at other stores. A little comparison will save you a lot of money. There isn't a good thing said about any $3.50 and many $4.00 shoes sold elsewhere that cannot be truthfully said about our

GENTS' $3.00 SHOES

Comparison proves this. There are scores of new styles, ideas, shapes and lasts in gents' $3.00 shoes awaiting your inspection here. Many are exclusive designs. Everything in Gents' Street and Dress $3.00 Shoes in stock at our store.

Mingle's Shoe Store,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 10.30 a. m.; Spring Mills, 2.30 p. m.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning; Union, afternoon; Georges Valley, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, no service in morning, Cantata at 7 p. m.; Tusseyville, 10.30 a. m.

District Luther League.

The district Luther League, covering the counties of Centre, Clinton and Union, will meet in Lock Haven, June 11 and 12.

Reporter Supplement

In this issue of the Reporter will be found a supplement. If it is not carefully perused, the reader will miss valuable reading and advertising matter.

The Wide, Wide World.

The title of this periodical truthfully represents its scope. Its reading matter is as varied as the world is wide. The illustrations are superb. It is ideal in many respects and should be read by young and old.

Historical Notes.

The first installment of historical notes by Mr. J. D. Murray appears in this issue of the Reporter. It is predicted that the historical columns will contain much matter never heretofore put into print, and that the notes will be carefully read. It will require several weeks before the historian reaches Centre Hall proper.

Garrity's Stream Stocked.

Station agent F. W. Bradford Saturday morning received twelve cans of trout from the state hatchery. The little beauties were promptly taken to the Seven Mountain trout stream and carefully distributed. The cans each contained about one thousand fish, measuring in length from three-quarters to one and one-half inches.

Boy Drowned.

Two boys named Marshall Cunningham and Frank Gardner, of Renovo, built a raft of logs and started down the river. After going a short distance the logs parted and the boys fell into the river. Gardner was rescued by men who happened to be near by. The other lad went to the bottom and although grappling and dynamite firing were resorted to, the body could not be recovered.

Neighbors Arbitrate.

The suit brought by Earnest Hess against Ezra S. Tressler to recover a balance claimed on a horse sale, was left to arbitration and satisfactorily adjusted to both parties. The case was brought before Justice W. B. Mingle, who persuaded the principals to take the course they did. The arbitrators were Messrs. John Fortney, Boalsburg; James A. Keller and E. M. Huyett, Centre Hall. The matter was adjusted Monday.

Highway Robbery.

Henry Gordon, of Bellefonte, was assaulted and robbed of his watch and eleven dollars in cash on his way home from church Sunday evening. The deed was perpetrated near General Beaver's residence by three men, two of whom held Mr. Gordon and the third stripped him of his valuables. The victim is well advanced in years, and although he was not physically injured, he suffered considerably from the nervous shock.

The Sick People.

There are quite a number of sick people in Centre Hall and valley. Among those afflicted are Isaac Shawver, Mrs. Clements, a little daughter of J. W. Whiteman, Mrs. D. K. Geiss, Mrs. E. M. Huyett, John Krumbine, Harry, son of J. A. Weaver, typhoid pneumonia; Mrs. Howard Lingle, inflammation of the liver; William Farner, grip, Miss Mary Farner, grip, all of Colyer. Joseph Floray, sciatic rheumatism; Mrs. Floray, chronic bronchitis.

FIRE ECHOES.

Linden Hall Business Enterprises Will be Re-established.

J. H. Ross, who lost heavily by the flouring mill burning at Linden Hall, stated in the presence of the writer, that it was his purpose to erect a structure forty by fifty feet in dimensions, two and one-half stories in height above the basement. The mill will be fitted up with the latest improved roller process flour machinery, manufactured by the Sprout, Waldron & Co., Muncy, Pa.

Work on the foundation of the new structure will be commenced as soon as possible. The gable end wall of the old stone structure was toppled over last week. The work was performed with considerable difficulty. It was first attempted to push the wall over, but that was impossible with the force of men at hand. It was then decided to undermine it, and after working for a considerable length of time and at great peril, the wall was weakened and finally cast.

Mrs. J. W. Keller's store front is about completed. The entire front is newly weather boarded. The story told by witnesses and the fire marks indelibly stamped upon the store building, emphatically praise the bravery and "sticktoativeness" of the firefighters who gathered early Tuesday morning, March 7, to perform just such a feat if it would be possible.

Any mention of note of Linden Hall would be incomplete without a word from Daniel Hess, who located at that place some forty years ago and engaged in business. The rest of the story of Mr. Hess' business success is well known to the Reporter readers. He is now in his eighty-third year; transacts his own business entirely; reads readily and does his corresponding without the aid of eye glasses. Mr. Hess later will come in for a chapter in Mr. Murray's history of Centre Hall and surrounding country.

Novelties.

Our latest novelty is Photographs in Silk. Call at gallery and see samples, Friday, April 19th.

W. W. SMITH, Artist.

Public Installation.

Constans Commandery No. 33, Knight Templers, of Bellefonte, Friday evening will publicly install and hold a reception at the armory of Company B. A number of Masons from this side of the county have been invited and will attend.

Fish for White Oak Flat Run.

Messrs. J. Frank McCoy, Thomas Palmer, J. H. Bitner, and W. F. McKinney the latter part of this week expect a consignment of trout, which will be placed in the White Oak Flat Run, in the Seven Mountains.

Teams and Teamsters Wanted.

William Colyer, of Centre Hall, wants to employ two good teamsters and teams to haul logs and cord wood. These men and teams are wanted immediately and will be given steady employment. Write to him, or see him personally, or call him over the Commercial 'phone.

Sheriff to Sell a Village.

Bills have been posted to the effect that the ground in Lumber city an adjunct of Reedsville is to be sold at sheriff's sale, all except those having owned buildings for twenty years or more. This is most unfortunate as some of the inhabitants have labored hard to build up their cozy homes in that little burg.

Death of Rev. J. W. White.

Rev. John W. White, the widely known minister of Milroy, who has been pastor of the Free churches at Milroy and Siglerville for nearly twenty years, and formerly of the Presbyterian church, died at a Philadelphia hospital, where he had been taken about ten days previous for treatment, Wednesday of last week, aged seventy-two years, five months and ten days. His body was brought to Milroy on Thursday and the funeral took place Saturday.

Fiftieth Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. John Grove, of near Spring Mills, Monday of this week celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage. The entire family, with the exception of one son in Missouri, was present; they are, M. M. Grove, Esq., Centre Hill; Hiram, of Morganza, and Amanda, the wife of H. A. Stover, of Spring Mills. Among others who were present with their wives, were Messrs. John Wolf, Potters Mills; John Dauberman, James W. Runkle and Hon. L. Rhone, Centre Hall; John Stover, Sprucetown; John Dunkle, Jared Confer, Spring Mills; D. C. Grove, Zion.

Bound for the West.

Four passengers purchased tickets for the West from Station Agent Bradford, at this place, Tuesday. One was Ezra Tressler, whose destination is Kansas City, Mo. He will look the country over and if he can suit his tastes he will locate there permanently.

Mr. and Mrs. James Poorman, of near Linden Hall, started for Amity, Mo., where they will visit with friends for several months.

The fourth passenger was Samuel Kerstetter, who will go to Fort Collins, Colorado, and expects to engage with a ranchman at that point.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Mrs. Elizabeth From, who makes her home with her son, Wm. Rockey, at Tusseyville, is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer, of Centre Hall, visited friends and relatives at Rebersburg Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Crissman, of Linden Hall, who last week attended her brother-in-law's funeral at Mifflintown, is at present visiting friends in Milroy.

Frank Fisher, of Boalsburg, son of Dr. C. W. P. Fisher, deceased, Tuesday returned to Philadelphia, where he is attending school.

Mrs. Carrie Osman, of Eureka, Kansas, and Mrs. Harry Dinges, of Centre Hall, spent several days at the home of Reuben Gramley, at Rebersburg.

J. Hale Ross, of Linden Hall, left for Muncy on Monday, with a view to letting a contract with a firm at that place to fit his contemplated grist mill with the proper machinery.

Hiram Grove, of Morganza, Pa., spent several days at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Grove, near Spring Mills, returning to his post of duty Tuesday of this week.

John Winkleblech, of near Coburn, is at present installed as student in the telegraph office at Linden Hall. Clayton Detwiler, who recently graduated, has secured a position with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Hon. John T. McCormick; manager of the Commercial telephone company, made a business trip to Centre Hall Wednesday. Mr. McCormick always finds pleasure in making a tour in which Centre Hall is included.

Wm. Alfred Reiber, of Colyer, left last week for Poughkeepsie, New York, at which place he entered the Business College. His accomplished wife, of Cloverdale farm, spent last week with her husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reiber.

M. C. Gephart Friday of last week passed through Centre Hall on his way from Millheim to his Bellefonte music store. It was stated that Mr. Gephart would close his Millheim store, but that is a mistake both Bellefonte and Millheim will have a music store under his supervision.

Among others who attended the funeral of Miss Keller Tuesday were Mrs. Frank Fisher, Penn Hall; Mrs. Kerstetter, Sober; Miss Alexander, Coburn; Christ Alexander, and Hon. W. K. Alexander, Millheim; Enoch Sweeney and wife, Boalsburg; John, Boozer, Osceola; Dr. Wm. Keller, Munson station.

E. C. Harter, of the Red Mill, Monday made his first trip to Centre Hall since the beginning of January, having been confined to the house by sickness. Mr. Harter brought to this office a sack of "Harvest Queen," flour which, indeed, is a very choice article. The Red Mill machinery was overhauled and is now doing the best kind of work.

Calvin Huss, son of Major Huss, of Spring Mills, Saturday started westward to join the famous Walter L. Main show. Mr. Huss for some time past has been connected with an orchestra of note, and has musical abilities that are worthy of recognition. He will play the trombone. The Main show will travel through the western states this season.

The ladies of the Lutheran church intend holding a festival on the evening of Decoration Day. The proceeds to be used in providing a new walk around the church lot. This is a much needed improvement and one which will appeal to every citizen of the town. It will be a benefit not only to the church but to all who have occasion to use the walk.

D. W. Bradford Friday received a car load of phosphate which was distributed among various farmers in the neighborhood of Centre Hall. Mr. Bradford was the only agent able to sell a whole car this spring, as the goods is not generally used in the spring. Next fall he hopes to be able to sell several car loads of phosphate, and will be able to furnish all grades.

Miss Rosie Maize returned to her home in Millheim, having been called there on account of the illness of her sister, Mildred. Wm. Maize, the father, had been ill the greater part of the winter from typhoid fever. The mother is scarcely able to be about on account of worry and fatigue, and now that the little one is stricken with fever, the family surely is doubly afflicted.

J. M. Weiland, who is doing a good business in buggy and wagon making and general repairing at Boalsburg, just completed a handsome buckboard trap for Theodore Boal, of that place, that compares well with the handsomest turnouts seen in city suburbs. Mr. Weiland has built up for himself a splendid trade and has employed nearly all his men continuously for the eleven years he did business in that place.

Aaron Thomas is employed by ex-Sheriff Spangler and E. G. Van Pelt to move a dwelling house near Petersburg. The house will be moved a distance of about one mile over a high hill. The work will be done by the use of rollers and windlass. Mr. Thomas has had vast experience in this line, having rolled houses about in Centre Hall as though they were built for that purpose. Mr. Thomas is assisted by Byron Garis and Austin Crape.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Carpenters are at work on the cupola of the United Evangelical church at Linden Hall.

Mrs. Mary Long, who makes her home with the family of Aaron Detwiler, at Tusseyville, is seriously ill.

Jonas Smith, son of John T. Smith, of Colyer, departed last week for Philadelphia, where he expects to secure a position as conductor on a trolley line.

Henry Wolfort, of Rebersburg, who was seriously hurt a few weeks ago by the explosion of a boiler, is rapidly improving and expects to be able to walk in a few days.

Isaac Shawver has been confined to his bed for the past ten days or more with an attack of pneumonia. At this date he is recovering, and expects to be about in a short time.

Hon. George R. McCrea died at his home in Renova. He was a prominent citizen of Clinton county, having held several public offices, and was a thirty-third degree Mason.

Reuben Page, of near Linden Hall, a veteran of the civil war, was a caller Monday. Mr. Page is on Uncle Sam's pension list, did good service, and is entitled to government aid.

Mrs. Edward Lucas is seriously ill with typhoid fever; they moved to the Potter sisters' farm, near Linden Hall on the first of April, and Mrs. Lucas has been sick ever since.

Rev. George B. Resser, pastor of Emanuel Reformed Church Hanover, fell from a scaffold Tuesday at the new church building, and died almost immediately from the injuries received.

The large hotel, the big central pavilion, the largest barn in the park and several cottages on the Williams Grove picnic grounds were destroyed by fire last week. The loss is about $12,000.

Rev. G. W. Kershner pastor of the Centre Hall Reformed charge, can now be reached by telephone over the Commercial lines, a 'phone having been placed in his study Saturday evening.

Mrs. W. H. Schuyler has been appointed a delegate from the Presbyterian Sabbath school, to the Centre County Sabbath School Convention to be held in Milesburg Tuesday of next week.

F. E. Wieland, merchant at Linden Hall, spent Monday in Centre Hall. Mr. Wieland enjoys the patronage of a large number of people in and about Linden Hall, and holds their trade by strictly fair dealing.

Oscar Stover, of Boalsburg, opened an implement store at that place. Last week he received a car load of implements and five thousand pounds of binder twine. He is doing an extensive business in his line.

Fred Weber, of Boalsburg, was bitten by a dog last week. He was making a friendly call on a neighbor when the dog unexpectedly attacked him, tore his pantaloons and broke the skin on the calf of the right leg.

D. W. Strunk, of Julian, formerly of this place, was in town last week on business. Mr. Strunk and son Oliver sold their threshing outfit and engine to the Houser brothers who will operate the same about Houserville next season.

Dr. Will Keller, of Munson Station, came to Centre Hall Monday to attend the funeral of his niece, Miss Lizzie Keller, which took place Tuesday. Dr. Keller conducts a drug store at Munson Station and is doing a good business.

W. W. Boob Monday went to Wilkesbarre and Scranton on business. The shutting down of the Millersburg axle factory necessitated Mr. Boob placing his trade elsewhere and it is for that purpose the trip was made.

Read the advertisement of Messrs. Kreamer & Son, who make their spring announcement this week. A full line of shoes, men's dress suit cases, men's shirts, and fancy silks for ladies' shirt waists are among the goods advertised.

F. P. Geary took possession of the barber shop Monday morning, having purchased the same from Jerre Miller, who had been in the business in this place for upwards of twenty years. Mr. Geary comes from Millheim, is a young man of good habits and is skilled in the art.

If you are a member of the Democratic county committee, don't forget that a meeting of that committee has been called for Monday of next week, at one o'clock, in the arbitration room, to confirm the apportionment of delegates and to arrange for the holding of Democratic primaries.

E. L. Bartholomew, son of W. H. Bartholomew, Monday morning entered the Pennsylvania railroad station at Centre Hall, of which F. W. Bradford is agent, and will take telegraphy and the general work of the office. "Ted" is a good, honest, steady youth and will make the best of his time.

P. A. Leister, of Maitland, Mifflin county, was in town Wednesday. Mr. Leister last fall went to Kansas from Potters Mills, invested in real estate, later sold at a good profit, and then returned to Centre county. As stated before he is now located at Maitland, on the Sunbury & Lewistown railroad, where he purchased a fine farm of one hundred acres, which he contentedly tills.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

G. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

It is not necessary at this writing to tell you why we are able to sell you goods at a very low figure, as we believe you are thoroughly convinced from the fact of your responding to our call and embracing the opportunities we offer. You have done nobly and we certainly appreciate your trade and shall spare no efforts to give you still more goods for the money. Our business is mutual and every customer a partner. Now, if you are not already a member of our firm we should like to take you into our cash business. In this issue we will quote you only a few special articles, but remember we guarantee a right price on every article in the store on the flat iron corner at the station.

LISTEN!

6 lbs. Cal. prunes, fresh and nice, 25c.
People's corn starch, a good article, 4c lb.
2 lb. pk Hawkeye rolled oats, 7c.
Shredded cocoanut, a fine article, 15c lb.
Pickles, our sales are large as these, 6c doz.
No. 1 mackerel, guaranteed fine, 10 lb. pail, $1.
Fancy lemons, 3 for 5c, per doz., 18c.
Tinners' scissors, cuts tin or sheet iron, 25c.
Enterprise clothes wringer, wooden frame, $2.
American washing machine, a good one, $3.50.
Poultry netting, all widths, right prices.
Clothes basket good one for price, 25c.
Glass wash board, 35c
Double-bitted axe, 90c.
10 qt. tin buckets, 2 for 25c.
" galvanized bucket, 15c.
12 qt. " " 20c.
14 inch horse rasp, 30c.
24 inch hand saw, 25c.
Extra fine ratchet brace, 75c
Wash boiler, copper bottom, $1.
Trace chains, per pair, 75c.
Picks and mattocks, with handles, each, 75c.
Steel rat trap, 10c.
Bread pans, 2 for 10c.

REMEMBER!

Our stock of the following is complete and we will be glad to be at your service in making prices with courteous treatment: Bananas, oranges, lemons, salted fish, smooth and barbed wire, poultry netting, nails, fly wire, lime, Snow-flake flour, table and floor oilcloth, fence staples, fresh garden seeds. Fresh Roe Shad all week. Get one.

THE STAR.

Who Can Furnish Them?

Who can furnish the Reporters of the following dates:

March 1, 1900.
May 10, 1900.
June 24, 1900.

The numbers are wanted by the County Commissioners, who file them for future reference. It will be esteemed a favor by both the commissioners and the editor of the Reporter if these numbers will be sent to this office.

Messrs. Lewis Sunday, of Centre Hall, and James Horner, of Colyer, kindly furnished missing numbers during the past few weeks.

Free Ad. Column.

For rent—House and lot in Georges Valley; apply to Samuel Ertel.

Gasoline Stove.—E. L. Bartholomew, Centre Hall, offers for sale a four burner gasoline stove, with oven.

MAGAZINES, LAUNDRY.

Bear in mind that you can get all the magazines at the Centre Hall news stand. Laundry collected Monday and delivered Friday of each week. Call at the REPORTER office. The door is always open TED BAILEY

REPAIRING old Wheels costs more than new ones when you can buy **4 Buggy Wheels** with Tire on and Boxes set for $7.25. I make all sizes and grades with Steel or Rubber Tire, ¾ to 4 in. Tread. Rubber Tire Buggies from $65 to $95. Call at factory or write for catalogue. I manufacture and handle a full line of Carriage and Wagon Hardware. Also Bicycle goods, Nails, Plumber's supplies, Dynamite, etc. W. W. BOOB, Centre Hall, Pa.

Swartz's Weekly Reminder.

We are sole agents for the

TRY ME SHOE.

PRICE, $2.00.

Seek no farther—for better can't be found. Try me—then you'll always buy me.

S. M. SWARTZ,
TUSSEYVILLE.

ITS the Fauble Methods
the Fauble Clothes
the Fauble Prices

That makes this store of ours so popular.

That prompts your neighbor and yourself to buy your clothing of US; where you know you will be treated right; where you are certain of getting your money's worth; where you can buy GOOD Clothing for fully one-fourth less than others ask for the ordinary kind; where you can see an assortment three times larger than any other store; where you know you can always find exactly what you want; where you can any time get your money back for the asking. This is why you have always given us your patronage in the past, and for these reasons, coupled with our increased facilities for serving you well and saving you money, is why we expect a continuance of your trade.

SEE THEM ALL---SEE US

THEN BUY WHERE YOU CAN BE SUITED BEST IS ALL WE ASK.

Maybe that New Men's Shoe Store of ours isn't a success, and why shouldn't it be, when we are selling the right kind of shoes the kind you want, fully 25 per cent. less than any regular shoe store in Bellefonte? This shoe store of ours must become the best one in Bellefonte. IT SOON WILL BE. You will help us make it so and we will save you money while you are doing it. See if it don't.

M. FAUBLE & SON,
BELLEFONTE, PA.